

Power Base™

REFERENCE MANUAL



Models: Power Base-1, 2 & 3

E106377



Applies only to 120 VAC,
North American PB-1,
PB-2 and PB-3 units.

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LL 32521C



Applies only to 120 VAC,
North American PB-1
and PB-2 units.

101229-1
12/96



THREE YEAR FULL WARRANTY



WORLDWIDE

SUMMARY OF WARRANTY

The Crown Audio Division of Crown International, Inc., 1718 West Mishawaka Road, Elkhart, Indiana 46517-4095 U.S.A. warrants to you, the ORIGINAL PURCHASER and ANY SUBSEQUENT OWNER of each NEW Crown¹ product, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser (the "warranty period") that the new Crown product is free of defects in materials and workmanship, and we further warrant the new Crown product regardless of the reason for failure, except as excluded in this Crown Warranty.

¹ Note: If your unit bears the name "Amcron," please substitute it for the name "Crown" in this warranty.

ITEMS EXCLUDED FROM THIS CROWN WARRANTY

This Crown Warranty is in effect only for failure of a new Crown product which occurred within the Warranty Period. It does not cover any product which has been damaged because of any intentional misuse, accident, negligence, or loss which is covered under any of your insurance contracts. This Crown Warranty also does not extend to the new Crown product if the serial number has been defaced, altered, or removed.

WHAT THE WARRANTOR WILL DO

We will remedy any defect, regardless of the reason for failure (except as excluded), by repair, replacement, or refund. We may not elect refund unless you agree, or unless we are unable to provide replacement, and repair is not practical or cannot be timely made. If a refund is elected, then you must make the defective or malfunctioning product available to us free and clear of all liens or other encumbrances. The refund will be equal to the actual purchase price, not including interest, insurance, closing costs, and other finance charges less a reasonable depreciation on the product from the date of original purchase. Warranty work can only be performed at our authorized service centers. We will remedy the defect and ship the product from the service center within a reasonable time after receipt of the defective product at our authorized service center. All expenses in remedying the defect, including surface shipping costs to the nearest authorized service center, will be borne by us. (You must bear the expense of all taxes, duties and other customs fees when transporting the product.)

HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

You must notify us of your need for warranty service not later than ninety (90) days after expiration of the warranty period. All components must be shipped in a factory pack. Corrective action will be taken within a reasonable time of the date of receipt of the defective product by our authorized service center. If the repairs made by our authorized service center are not satisfactory, notify our authorized service center immediately.

DISCLAIMER OF CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES
YOU ARE NOT ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM US ANY INCIDENTAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECT IN THE NEW CROWN PRODUCT. THIS INCLUDES ANY DAMAGE TO ANOTHER PRODUCT OR PRODUCTS RESULTING FROM SUCH A DEFECT.

WARRANTY ALTERATIONS

No person has the authority to enlarge, amend, or modify this Crown Warranty. This Crown Warranty is not extended by the length of time which you are deprived of the use of the new Crown product. Repairs and replacement parts provided under the terms of this Crown Warranty shall carry only the unexpired portion of this Crown Warranty.

DESIGN CHANGES

We reserve the right to change the design of any product from time to time without notice and with no obligation to make corresponding changes in products previously manufactured.

LEGAL REMEDIES OF PURCHASER

No action to enforce this Crown Warranty shall be commenced later than ninety (90) days after expiration of the warranty period.

THIS STATEMENT OF WARRANTY SUPERSEDES ANY OTHERS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL FOR CROWN PRODUCTS.

NORTH AMERICA

SUMMARY OF WARRANTY

The Crown Audio Division of Crown International, Inc., 1718 West Mishawaka Road, Elkhart, Indiana 46517-4095 U.S.A. warrants to you, the ORIGINAL PURCHASER and ANY SUBSEQUENT OWNER of each NEW Crown product, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser (the "warranty period") that the new Crown product is free of defects in materials and workmanship. We further warrant the new Crown product regardless of the reason for failure, except as excluded in this Warranty.

ITEMS EXCLUDED FROM THIS CROWN WARRANTY

This Crown Warranty is in effect only for failure of a new Crown product which occurred within the Warranty Period. It does not cover any product which has been damaged because of any intentional misuse, accident, negligence, or loss which is covered under any of your insurance contracts. This Crown Warranty also does not extend to the new Crown product if the serial number has been defaced, altered, or removed.

WHAT THE WARRANTOR WILL DO

We will remedy any defect, regardless of the reason for failure (except as excluded), by repair, replacement, or refund. We may not elect refund unless you agree, or unless we are unable to provide replacement, and repair is not practical or cannot be timely made. If a refund is elected, then you must make the defective or malfunctioning product available to us free and clear of all liens or other encumbrances. The refund will be equal to the actual purchase price, not including interest, insurance, closing costs, and other finance charges less a reasonable depreciation on the product from the date of original purchase. Warranty work can only be performed at our authorized service centers or at the factory. We will remedy the defect and ship the product from the service center or our factory within a reasonable time after receipt of the defective product at our authorized service center or our factory. All expenses in remedying the defect, including surface shipping costs in the United States, will be borne by us. (You must bear the expense of shipping the product between any foreign country and the port of entry in the United States and all taxes, duties, and other customs fees for such foreign shipments.)

HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

You must notify us of your need for warranty service not later than ninety (90) days after expiration of the warranty period. All components must be shipped in a factory pack, which, if needed, may be obtained from us free of charge. Corrective action will be taken within a reasonable time of the date of receipt of the defective product by us or our authorized service center. If the repairs made by us or our authorized service center are not satisfactory, notify us or our authorized service center immediately.

DISCLAIMER OF CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES
YOU ARE NOT ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM US ANY INCIDENTAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECT IN THE NEW CROWN PRODUCT. THIS INCLUDES ANY DAMAGE TO ANOTHER PRODUCT OR PRODUCTS RESULTING FROM SUCH A DEFECT. **SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATIONS OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.**

WARRANTY ALTERATIONS

No person has the authority to enlarge, amend, or modify this Crown Warranty. This Crown Warranty is not extended by the length of time which you are deprived of the use of the new Crown product. Repairs and replacement parts provided under the terms of this Crown Warranty shall carry only the unexpired portion of this Crown Warranty.

DESIGN CHANGES

We reserve the right to change the design of any product from time to time without notice and with no obligation to make corresponding changes in products previously manufactured.

LEGAL REMEDIES OF PURCHASER

THIS CROWN WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE. No action to enforce this Crown Warranty shall be commenced later than ninety (90) days after expiration of the warranty period.

THIS STATEMENT OF WARRANTY SUPERSEDES ANY OTHERS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL FOR CROWN PRODUCTS.

The information furnished in this manual does not include all of the details of design, production, or variations of the equipment. Nor does it cover every possible situation which may arise during installation, operation or maintenance. If you need special assistance beyond the scope of this manual, please contact our Technical Support Group.

Crown Audio Division Technical Support Group

Plant 2 SW, 1718 W. Mishawaka Rd., Elkhart, Indiana 46517 U.S.A.

Phone: **800-342-6939** (North America, Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands) or 219-294-8200

Fax: 219-294-8301 Fax Back: 800-294-4094 (North America only) or 219-293-9200

Internet: <http://www.crownintl.com>

IMPORTANT

**THE POWER BASE-3 REQUIRES CLASS 1
OUTPUT WIRING. THE POWER BASE-1 AND
2 REQUIRE CLASS 2 OUTPUT WIRING.**

CAUTION

**RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK
DO NOT OPEN**

**TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK DO
NOT REMOVE TOP OR BOTTOM
COVERS. NO USER SERVICEABLE
PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO
QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.
DISCONNECT POWER CORD BE-
FORE REMOVING BACK PANEL
COVER TO ACCESS GAIN SWITCH.**

AVIS

**RISQUE DE CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE
N'OUVREZ PAS**

**À PRÉVENIR LE CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE
N'ENLEVEZ PAS LES COUVERCLES. IL
N'Y A PAS DES PARTIES SERVICEABLE
À L'INTÉRIEUR. TOUS REPARATIONS
DOIT ÊTRE FAIRE PAR PERSONNEL
QUALIFIÉ SEULMENT. DÉBRANCHER
LA BORNE AVANT D'ENLEVER LA
COVERTURE EN ARRIÈRE.**



WARNING

**TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC
SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS
EQUIPMENT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE!**

Magnetic Field

CAUTION! Do not locate sensitive high-gain equipment such as preamplifiers or tape decks directly above or below the unit. Because this amplifier has a high power density, it has a strong magnetic field which can induce hum into unshielded devices that are located nearby. The field is strongest just above and below the unit.

If an equipment rack is used, we recommend locating the amplifier(s) in the bottom of the rack and the preamplifier or other sensitive equipment at the top.



The lightning bolt triangle is used to alert the user to the risk of electric shock.



The exclamation point triangle is used to alert the user to important operating or maintenance instructions.



Printed on
recycled paper.

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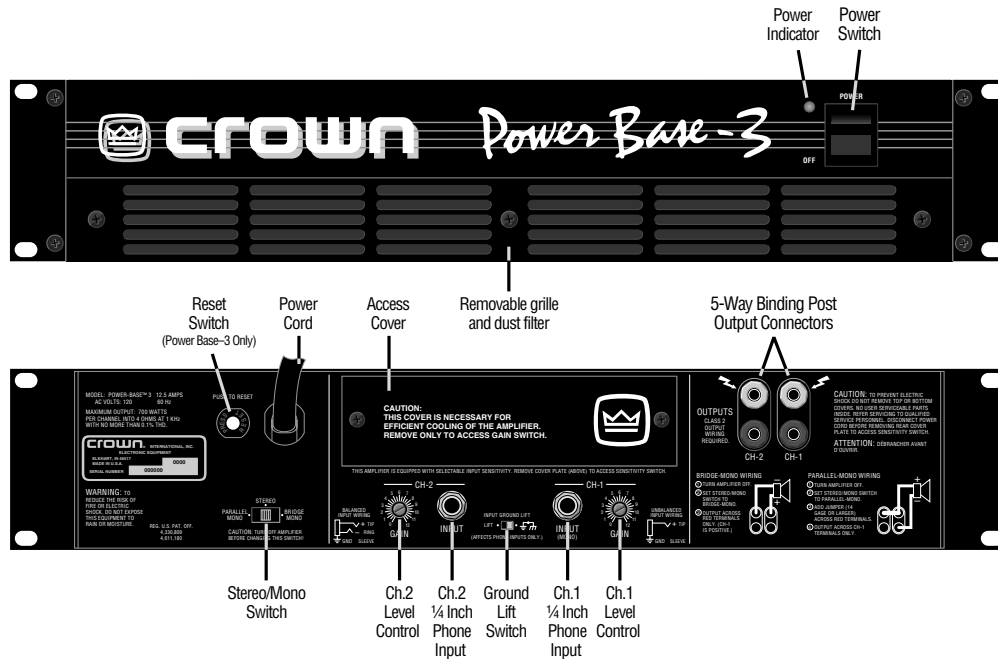
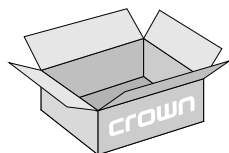


Fig. 1.1 Power Base Front and Back Panels

1 Welcome

Congratulations on choosing a *Power Base* amplifier. *Power Base* amplifiers are compact, professional stereo power amplifiers engineered to meet the most demanding sound reinforcement needs. They compare very favorably to more expensive amplifiers, providing uncolored sound and signal-to-noise ratios commonly associated with recording studios.

This manual will help you successfully install and use your amplifier—we strongly recommend you read all instructions, warnings and cautions. If you plan to operate in one of the two mono modes, be sure to read Section 2.2. Also for your protection, please save your bill of sale as it is your **official proof of purchase**.



1.1 Unpacking

Please unpack and inspect your new amplifier for any damage that may have occurred during transit. If damage is found, notify the transportation company immediately. Only you, the consignee, may initiate a claim with the carrier for damage resulting during shipment. Even if the unit arrived in perfect condition, as most do, save all packing materials so you will have them if you ever need to transport the unit. **NEVER SHIP THE UNIT WITHOUT THE FACTORY PACK.**

1.2 Features

- ❑ Rugged, professional power amplifier built for the road. Mounts in a standard 19 inch (48.3 cm) rack.
- ❑ Crown's patented *grounded bridge* circuitry generates large voltage swings while avoiding electrical stress on the output stages. This results in low distortion and high reliability.
- ❑ Front panel power switch with turn-on delay for loud-speaker protection.
- ❑ Patented Output Device Emulation Protection (*ODEP*[®]) keeps the amplifier working when others would fail.
- ❑ High damping factor provides superior control over low frequency drivers for a clean, accurate low end.
- ❑ Safe with any load. Bridge-Mono and Parallel-Mono modes offer optimal load-matching performance.
- ❑ Complete protection against shorted outputs, mismatched loads, overheating, DC input/output and high-frequency overload; full internal fault protection.
- ❑ Balanced phone jack inputs with internal three-position sensitivity switch. Optional XLR or barrier block input connectors are available with the *MT-XLR* or *MT-BB* accessories.
- ❑ Ground lift switch is provided to isolate the chassis ground from the phone jack input ground.
- ❑ Efficient heat sinks and self-contained forced air cooling system dissipate heat quickly and evenly for extra amplifier protection and greater power output.
- ❑ Three year "No-Fault" full warranty and guaranteed specifications protect your investment.

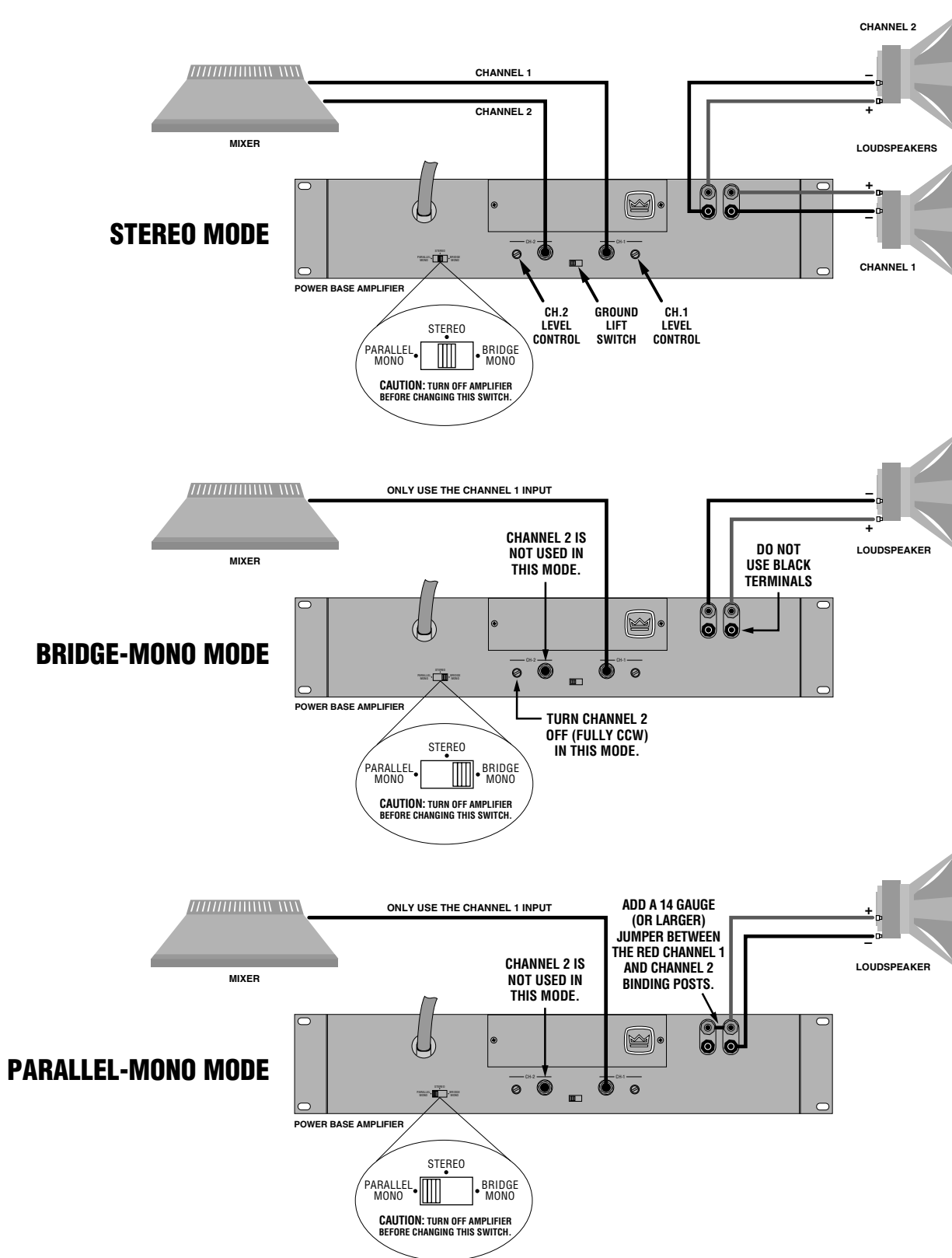


Fig. 2.1 Three System Connection Methods

2 Installation

Always remove power from the unit and turn the level controls off (fully counterclockwise) when making or breaking connections. This reduces the chance of blasts that can cause loudspeaker damage.

The guidelines below are provided to help you quickly get your amplifier installed and ready to go. Be sure to follow the instructions in Sections 2.1 and 2.2 for the selected mode of operation. Additional information on input sensitivity, load protection and required AC mains is provided in Sections 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5.

1. Install the amplifier in a standard 19 inch (48.3 cm) rack or place it on a stable surface. The mounting dimensions are 19 inches (48.3 cm) wide, 3.5 inches (8.9 cm) tall and 16 inches (40.6 cm) deep behind the mounting surface. **IMPORTANT! Allow for adequate ventilation.**

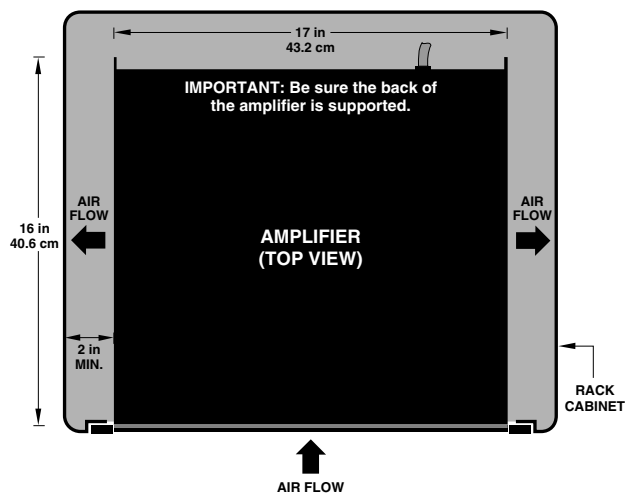


Fig. 2.2 Do NOT Block Air Flow

2. Use high-quality loudspeaker cables to connect the load to the amplifier's outputs. Do not use shielded cable.
3. Use shielded cables to connect audio sources to the amplifier inputs. Either balanced or unbalanced wiring can be used as shown below. (XLR connectors are available with the MT-XLR accessory. See Section 5.)

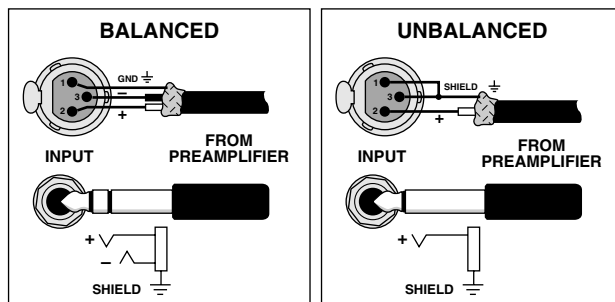


Fig. 2.3 Power Base Input Wiring

2.1 Stereo

1. Turn down the level controls (fully counterclockwise) and turn off the amplifier.
2. Set the back panel stereo/mono switch to Stereo.
3. If present, remove the Parallel-Mono jumper.
4. Connect the input and output cables as shown in the first example in Figure 2.1.
5. Turn on the amplifier and adjust the level for each channel using the back panel level controls.

CAUTION: Never parallel the two outputs by directly tying them together, and never parallel them with the output of another amplifier.



2.2 Mono

Your amplifier's mono modes provide double the power of Stereo mode in a single channel. In Bridge-Mono mode, the outputs are wired in series for twice the output voltage. In Parallel-Mono mode, the outputs are paralleled for twice the current capacity.

Bridge-Mono mode is provided for loads with an impedance greater than 4 ohms. Parallel-Mono mode should be used with loads of 4 ohms or less.

BRIDGE-MONO

1. Turn down the level controls (fully counterclockwise) and turn off the amplifier.
2. Set the back panel stereo/mono switch to Bridge-Mono.
3. If present, remove the Parallel-Mono jumper.
4. Connect the input and output cables as shown in the second example in Figure 2.1. **Only use the channel 1 input.**
5. Make sure the load is balanced (neither side shorted to ground) and do not use the black (-) binding posts.
6. Turn on the amplifier and adjust the level. **Only use the channel 1 level control.**

PARALLEL-MONO

1. Turn down the level controls (fully counterclockwise) and turn off the amplifier.
2. Set the back panel stereo/mono switch to Parallel-Mono.
3. Install a solid, 14-gauge (2 mm²) or heavier jumper wire across the two red (+) binding post outputs.
4. Connect the input and output cables as shown in the third example in Figure 2.1. **Only use the channel 1 input.**
5. Turn on the amplifier and adjust the level. **Only use the channel 1 level control.**

CAUTION: With Parallel-Mono wiring, do not switch to Stereo or Bridge-Mono mode until the output jumper wire is removed.



2.3 Input Sensitivity Adjustment

The input sensitivity switch inside the amplifier is set to 0.775 volts at the factory. It can be changed to 1.4 volts or a voltage gain of 26 dB as follows:

1. Turn off and unplug the amplifier from the AC source.
2. Remove the access cover on the back panel.
3. Locate the labeled access hole for the sensitivity switch.
4. Set the switch to the desired position.
5. Replace the access cover plate.

When set to 26 dB gain, the *Power Base-1*[®] requires a 2.0 volt input, the *Power Base-2*[®] requires a 2.5 volt input and the *Power Base-3*[™] requires a 3.2 volt input to deliver full output into an 8 ohm load.

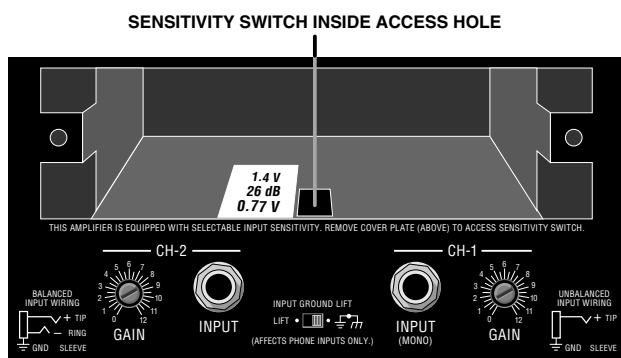


Fig. 2.4 Input Sensitivity Switch

2.4 Additional Load Protection

To protect against excessive power, a fuse can be added in series with each loudspeaker cable. A single fuse can protect the entire system, or one can be used for each driver. High-frequency drivers (tweeters) are usually more sensitive to large voltage peaks, while low-frequency drivers (woofers) are typically most sensitive to the heat from average (RMS) output power. To protect your tweeters, we recommend that you use a high-speed instrument fuse like the Littlefuse 361000 series. To protect your woofers, we recommend using a slow-blow fuse that more closely represents the thermal response of your woofer. Use Figure 2.5 to find the correct value for either type of fuse.

Example: (A) Find the peak music power of your loudspeaker (such as 75 watts). (B) Find the loudspeaker impedance (8 ohms). (C) Draw a line between points A and B. The line intersects the middle scale at the correct fuse value (1.5 amps).

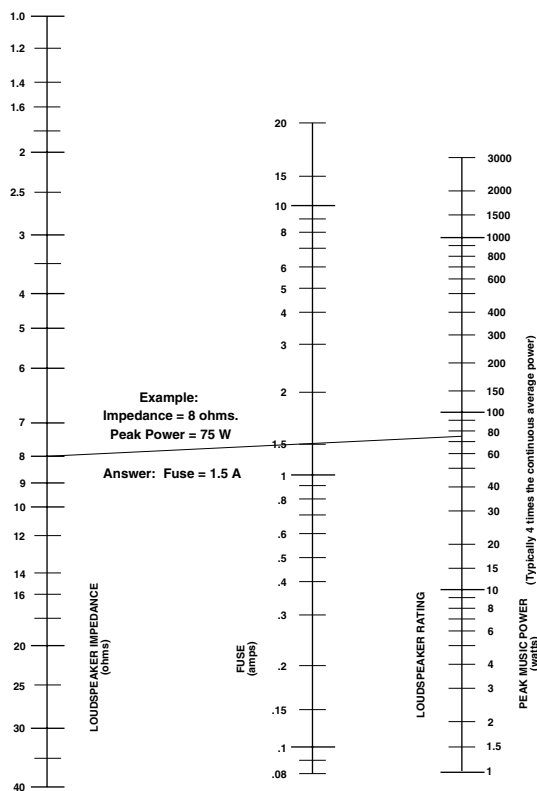


Fig. 2.5 Loudspeaker Fuse Nomograph




2.5 Required AC Mains

All *Power Base* amplifiers are shipped with an appropriate line cord and plug. When possible, use a power receptacle on a dedicated circuit, and always make sure it will provide the right voltage and sufficient current. We do not recommend operating your amplifier with voltages greater than 10% above or below the unit's rated voltage. For example, if your amplifier is rated for 120 VAC, the line voltage should not exceed 132 VAC.

3 Operation

3.1 Precautions

Although your amplifier is protected from external faults, the following safety precautions are recommended:

1. There are important differences among the Stereo, Bridge-Mono and Parallel-Mono operating modes. Please refer to Sections 2 for additional information.
-  **2. WARNING: Do not change the position of the stereo/mono switch unless the amplifier is first turned off.**
-  **3. CAUTION: In Parallel-Mono mode, a jumper is used to connect the red binding post outputs. Be sure to remove this jumper for Bridge-Mono or Stereo mode, or high distortion and excessive heating will occur.** Also, make sure the stereo/mono switch is set to the proper position.
4. Use care when making connections, selecting signal sources and controlling the output level. The load you save may be your own!
5. Do not short the ground lead of an output cable to the input signal ground. This will form a ground loop and may cause oscillations.
6. Operate the amplifier from AC mains of not more than 10% variation above or below the selected line voltage and only at the specified line frequency.
-  **7. Never connect the output to a power supply output, battery or power main.** Such connections may result in electrical shock.
8. Tampering with the circuitry by unqualified personnel or making unauthorized circuit changes may be hazardous and invalidates all agency listings.

Remember: Crown is not liable for any damage that results from overdriving other system components.

3.2 Power Indicator

When lit, the amber power indicator (to the left of the power switch) shows that the amplifier has been turned on. It is driven only by the low-voltage power supply and does not indicate the status of the high-voltage supplies.

3.3 Protection Systems

Power Base amplifiers have extensive protection systems, including *ODEP*, ultrasonic/RF protection, drive protection, transformer thermal protection and fuses or circuit breakers that protect the power supplies.

3.3.1 *ODEP*

Crown invented *ODEP* to keep the amplifier working under demanding conditions and to increase output efficiency. To do this, Crown established a rigorous program to measure each transistor's *safe operating area* (SOA). Intelligent circuitry was then designed to simulate the instantaneous conditions of the output transistors. Its name describes what it does: Output Device Emulation Protection, or *ODEP*. In simple terms, *ODEP* compares transistor conditions to their known SOA. If more power will be asked of them than they can deliver under the existing conditions, *ODEP* limits the drive until conditions fall within the SOA. Limiting is proportional and kept to an absolute minimum—only what is required to prevent output transistor damage. Under normal conditions, no limiting is required and *ODEP* is transparent to the audio signal.

ODEP makes possible a quantum leap in output efficiency and reliability—with *ODEP*, the show goes on.

3.3.2 Ultrasonic and Radio Frequency Protection

An amplifier's slew rate only needs to be large enough to deliver the maximum voltage at the highest required frequency. Higher slew rates actually allow undesirable ultrasonic and radio frequencies to be reproduced. By design, *Power Base* amplifiers have a controlled slew rate to limit the highest frequencies that they reproduce. Limiting occurs well above 20 kHz so there is no audible effect on performance. This approach protects the amplifier from radio frequencies and can even protect some sensitive loads (including some tweeters).

3.3.3 Drive Protection

The drive protection system temporarily removes output drive to protect the amplifier and its loads. Drive protection can be activated in two situations. First, if dangerous subsonic frequencies or direct current (DC) is detected in the amplifier's output, the unit will activate its DC/low-frequency protection circuitry which puts the amplifier in drive protection mode. This protects the loads and prevents oscillations. The unit resumes normal operation as soon as the amplifier no longer detects dangerous output. Although it is extremely unlikely that you will ever activate the amplifier's DC/low frequency protection system, improper source materials like subsonic square waves or input overloads that excessively clip the input signal can activate this system.

The amplifier's fault protection system will put the amplifier in drive protection mode in rare situations where heavy common-mode current is detected in the output.

The unit should never output heavy common-mode current unless its circuitry is damaged. Activating drive protection helps prevent further damage.

3.3.4 Transformer Thermal Protection

All *Power Base* amplifiers have transformer thermal protection. This protection circuitry is activated in unusual situations where the unit's transformer temperature rises to unsafe levels. Under these abnormal conditions, the unit removes power to the high-voltage transformer. The fan will continue to run in all units except those with 220/240 VAC transformers. The amplifier will return to normal after it cools to a safe temperature.

It is very unlikely that your *Power Base* amplifier will ever activate transformer thermal protection as long as it is operated within rated conditions. Your amplifier is designed to continue operating under conditions where other amplifiers would fail. But even when you exceed the limits of a *Power Base* amplifier, it still protects itself—and your investment—from damage.

3.3.5 Fuses and Circuit Breakers

All 120 VAC, 60 Hz units and all *Power Base-3* units have a fuse that protects the low-voltage power supply and cooling fan. The *Power Base-1* and *Power Base-2* high-voltage power supplies are protected by fuses, while the *Power Base-3* high-voltage power supplies are protected by a circuit breaker. With rated loads and output levels, these fuses (or the circuit breaker) should only shut down the amplifier in the incredibly rare instance of a catastrophic amplifier failure. The *ODEP* protection system keeps the amplifier operational under most other severe conditions. The fuses (or breaker) can also shut down the amplifier in situations where extremely low-impedance loads and high output levels result in excessive current draw.

A *Power Base* amplifier will not blow its fuses or trip its breaker unless something is wrong. In the rare event that an internal fuse blows, please refer the unit to a qualified technician. If the breaker in a *Power Base-3* trips, try to identify and correct the problem before resetting it with the back panel Circuit Breaker Reset. If the problem persists, refer the unit to a qualified technician.

3.4 Controls

The Power switch is the only control located on the front panel. All others are located on the rear, including the level controls.

When making any setup or wiring changes, don't forget to turn off the amplifier, turn down the level controls and disconnect the power cord. Be sure to turn down (full counterclockwise) the channel 2 level control when using either mono mode. The Parallel Mono/Stereo/Bridge Mono switch is used to select Stereo, Bridge-Mono or Parallel-Mono operating modes. The Input Ground Lift switch isolates the phone jack input grounds from the chassis ground to help prevent ground loops. It does not affect any installed input accessories. The Input Sensitivity Switch, located inside the back cover plate, sets the amplifier's input sensitivity (refer to subsection 2.3 for information on changing this switch). And the *Power Base-3* has a back panel Circuit Breaker Reset button that resets the circuit breaker (refer to subsection 3.3.5).

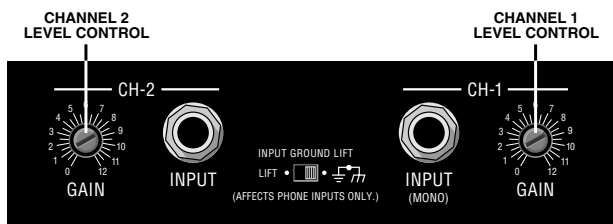


Fig. 3.1 Back Panel Level Controls

3.5 Filter Cleaning

A dust filter is provided on the unit's air intake. If it becomes clogged, the unit will cool less efficiently and may produce lower output levels. To clean the filter, use a phillips screwdriver to remove the three screws the secure the front grille. Use mild dishwashing detergent and warm water for best cleaning results. Be sure the filter is dry before you reinstall it. Replacement filters may be ordered from the factory.

Dust filters are not 100% efficient—long term this may require internal heat-sink cleaning by a qualified technician. Internal cleaning information is available from our Technical Support Group.

4 Specifications

All specifications apply to units in Stereo mode with 8-ohm loads and an input sensitivity of 26 dB unless otherwise specified.

Standard 1 kHz Power: refers to maximum average power in watts at 1 kHz with 0.1% THD+noise.

Full Bandwidth Power: refers to maximum average power in watts from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 0.1% THD+noise.

120 VAC, 60 Hz Units: refers to amplifiers with dedicated transformers for 120 VAC, 60 Hz power mains.

Performance

Frequency Response: ± 0.1 dB from 20 Hz to 20 kHz at 1 watt.

Phase Response: ± 10 degrees from 10 Hz to 20 kHz at 1 watt.

Signal-to-Noise: A-weighted, better than 105 dB below full bandwidth power. Better than 100 dB below full bandwidth power from 20 Hz to 20 kHz.

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): Less than 0.05% at full bandwidth power from 20 Hz to 1 kHz increasing linearly to 0.1% at 20 kHz.

Intermodulation Distortion (IMD): (60 Hz and 7 kHz 4:1) Less than 0.05% from less than 158 milliwatts to full bandwidth power.

Damping Factor: Greater than 1,000 from 10 Hz to 400 Hz.

Crosstalk

Power Base-1: Greater than 75 dB below full bandwidth power from 50 Hz to 2 kHz, rising linearly to greater than 60 dB at 20 kHz.

Power Base-2: Greater than 90 dB below full bandwidth power from 50 Hz to 2 kHz, rising linearly to greater than 66 dB at 20 kHz.

Power Base-3: Greater than 90 dB below full bandwidth power from 50 Hz to 4 kHz, rising linearly to greater than 70 dB at 20 kHz.

Common Mode Rejection (CMR): Better than 70 dB below rated full bandwidth power from 20 Hz to 1 kHz falling linearly to better than 50 dB at 20 kHz.

Controlled Slew Rate: Greater than 13 volts/ms.

Voltage Gain: 20:1 $\pm 3\%$ or 26 dB ± 0.25 dB at the maximum level setting (Input Sensitivity switch set to its 26 dB position).

Power Base-1: 51:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 34.3 dB ± 1 dB at 0.775 volt sensitivity; 28:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 29.1 dB ± 1 dB at 1.4 volt sensitivity.

Power Base-2: 64:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 36.2 dB ± 1 dB at 0.775 volt sensitivity; 35:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 31.0 dB ± 1 dB at 1.4 volt sensitivity.

Power Base-3: 83:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 38.4 dB ± 1 dB at 0.775 volt sensitivity; 46:1 $\pm 12\%$ or 33.3 dB ± 1 dB at 1.4 volt sensitivity.

Power

Output Power: The following specifications are guaranteed minimums for standard 1 kHz power. For more information, see the power matrices in Figures 4.1 through 4.6 (maximum average power @ 0.1% THD + N).

Power Base-1

Stereo mode (both channels driven):

240 watts into 4 ohms.

200 watts into 8 ohms.

Bridge-Mono mode:

455 watts into 8 ohms.

395 watts into 16 ohms.

Parallel-Mono mode:

455 watts into 2 ohms.

400 watts into 4 ohms.

Power Base-2

Stereo mode (both channels driven):

460 watts into 4 ohms.

325 watts into 8 ohms.

Bridge-Mono mode:

910 watts into 8 ohms.

660 watts into 16 ohms.

Parallel-Mono mode:

920 watts into 2 ohms.

655 watts into 4 ohms.

Power Base-3

Stereo mode (both channels driven):

760 watts into 4 ohms.

540 watts into 8 ohms.

Bridge-Mono mode:

1525 watts into 8 ohms.

1090 watts into 16 ohms.

Parallel-Mono mode:

1530 watts into 2 ohms.

1080 watts into 4 ohms.

Load Impedance: Safe with all types of loads. Rated for 4 to 8 ohms in Stereo, 8 to 16 ohms in Bridge-Mono and 2 to 4 ohms in Parallel-Mono mode.

Required AC Mains: Current, frequency and voltage requirements are provided on each unit's back panel. All models draw 90 watts or less at idle.

Power Base-1: Draws up to 6 amps of current.

Power Base-2: Draws up to 10 amps of current.

Power Base-3: Draws up to 15 amps of current.

Low-Voltage Power Supply: A ± 24 VDC fanformer supply (fan motor winding) regulated to ± 15 VDC.

AC Connector: An appropriate AC line cord and plug are provided. 120 VAC, 60 Hz units have a standard 3-wire, 15-amp grounded connector (NEMA 5-15P).

Controls

Power: A front panel rocker switch used to turn the amplifier on and off.

Level: A back panel rotary potentiometer for each channel used to control the output level.

Stereo/Mono: A three-position back panel switch used to select Stereo, Bridge-Mono or Parallel-Mono mode.

Sensitivity: A three-position switch inside the back cover plate used to select the input sensitivity for both channels: 0.775 volts or 1.4 volts for standard 1 kHz power, or 26 dB voltage gain (see Section 2.3).

Input Ground Lift: A two-position back panel switch used to isolate the phone jack and chassis grounds.

Reset (*Power Base-3* only): A back panel push button used to reset the circuit breaker that protects the power supplies.

Indicators

Power: This amber indicator shows the on/off status of the low voltage power supply.

Input/Output

Input Connector: Balanced $\frac{1}{4}$ inch phone jacks. See Section 5 for XLR and barrier block accessories.

Input Impedance: Nominally 20 K ohms, balanced; 10 K ohms, unbalanced.

Output Connector: Two sets of color-coded 5-way binding posts (for banana plugs, spade lugs or bare wire).

Output Impedance: Less than 10 milliohms in series with less than 2 microhenries.

DC Output Offset: Less than 10 millivolts.

Output Signal

Stereo: Unbalanced, two-channel.

Bridge-Mono: Balanced, single-channel. Channel 1 controls are active; Channel 2 controls should be turned down and not used.

Parallel-Mono: Unbalanced, single-channel. Channel 1 controls are active; Channel 2 controls should be turned down and not used.

Protection

Power Base amplifiers are protected against shorted, open or mismatched loads; overloaded power supplies; excessive temperature, chain destruction phenomena, input overload and high-frequency blowups. They also protect loudspeakers from input and output DC, as well as providing protection from turn-on/turn-off transients.

If operating conditions are unreasonable, the patented *ODEP* circuitry proportionally limits the drive level to protect the output transistors, particularly in the case of elevated temperature. A thermal switch imbedded in the transformer protects the power supplies from overload. In the rare event that a transformer overheats, the thermal switch removes power, waits until the unit has cooled to a safe temperature and then resets itself.

Turn On: Four second delay with no dangerous transients. Contact us if you need to change the delay.

Construction

Durable black finish on steel chassis with special "flow-through" ventilation from front to side panels.

Cooling: Internal heat sinks with forced-air cooling for rapid, uniform heat dissipation.

Dimensions: Standard 19-inch (48.3 cm) rack mount width (EIA RS-310-B), 3.5-inch (8.9 cm) height and 16-inch (40.6 cm) depth behind the mounting surface.

Approximate Weight: Center of gravity is 6 inches (15.2 cm) behind front mounting surface.

120 VAC, 60 Hz Units:

Power Base-1: 30 pounds (13.6 kg) net; 34 pounds (15.4 kg) shipping weight.

Power Base-2: 34 pounds (15.4 kg) net; 38 pounds (17.2 kg) shipping weight.

Power Base-3: 36 pounds (16.3 kg) net; 40 pounds (18.2 kg) shipping weight.

Crown specifications are guaranteed for three years.

In an effort to provide you with as much information as possible about the high power-producing capabilities of your amplifier, we have created the following power matrices.

Minimum Power Specifications

Crown’s minimum power specifications represent the absolute smallest amount of output power you can expect from your amplifier when it is driven to full output under the given conditions. Some spaces in each matrix may be left blank because the same guarantee is not provided for those conditions—however, your amplifier will perform well under all conditions listed in each matrix.

When measuring power, 0.1% THD appears to be the industry standard for distortion. Two of the maximum average power specifications shown in each minimum power matrix are measured at 0.1% THD so you can easily compare Crown specifications to those of other manufacturers. But this high level of distortion actually allows for some clipping which is undesirable. Because of this, a maximum average power spec at 0.05% THD is included in each minimum power matrix which represents non-clipped conditions. Although most manufacturers do not give you power specifications at 0.05% THD, we encourage them to provide these specifications so you will have a more realistic representation of the way amplifiers should be used in the real world—without a clipped output signal.

Many manufacturers publish power specs with a tolerance of ±1 dB or worse. This means their amplifier can deviate more than 20% in output! A 100 watt amplifier would meet their specification if it only produced 79.4 watts. Other manufacturers qualify their specs by saying they are “typical,” “subject to manufacturing tolerances,” “single channel driven” or that they are specified with “fuses bypassed.” Each of these statements effectively removes any performance guarantee. In fact, some manufacturers use these tactics to generate large power numbers, and they don’t even print a disclaimer. We take a different approach at Crown—our amplifiers are *guaranteed* to meet or exceed their specifications for three years. Further, because our published specs are set below our “in-house” measurements, you can expect every Crown amplifier to *exceed* its published minimum power specs. We believe you should get what you pay for.

Minimum Power Notes:

All minimum power specifications are based on 0.1% regulated AC mains and an ambient room temperature of 70° F (21° C). A 100V, 50Hz model was used because of its higher current demand. The standard EIA power measurement (RS-490) is not identified here because it is identical to the FTC Continuous Average Power specification.

1. A 1 kHz sine wave is presented to the amplifier and the output monitored for nonlinear distortion. The level is increased until the THD reaches 0.1%. At this level the average power per channel is reported.
2. A sine wave is presented to the amplifier over the range from 20 Hz to 20 kHz and the output monitored for nonlinear distortion. The level at each frequency is increased until the THD reaches 0.1%. At this level the average power per channel is reported.
3. A 1 kHz sine wave is presented to the amplifier and the output monitored for nonlinear distortion. The level is increased until the THD reaches 0.05%. At this level the average power per channel is reported.
4. Continuous power in the context of Federal Trade Commission testing is understood to be a minimum of five minutes of operation. Harmonic distortion is measured as the RMS sum total and given as a percentage of the fundamental output voltage. This applies for all wattages greater than 0.25 watts.

Power Base-1 – Minimum Guaranteed Power (Watts)							
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Maximum Average			FTC Continuous Average	
			0.1% THD+N (See note 1)	0.1% THD+N (See note 2)	0.05% THD+N (See note 3)	0.1% THD + Noise (See note 4)	
			1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz
120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	240	175	235		
		8	200	185	200	200	180
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	455	360	455		
		16	395	370	390	390	350
	Parallel-Mono	2	455		445		
		4	400		395	390	
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	230	165	225		
		8	205	185	200	200	175
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	465	355	455		
		16	410	375	405	390	350
	Parallel-Mono	2	440		430		
		4	410		405	390	

Fig. 4.1 Power Base-1 Minimum Power Matrix

Power Base-2 – Minimum Guaranteed Power (Watts)							
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Maximum Average			FTC Continuous Average	
			0.1% THD+N (See note 1)	0.1% THD+N (See note 2)	0.05% THD+N (See note 3)	0.1% THD + Noise (See note 4)	
			1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz
120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	460	425	460	385	
		8	325	310	325	310	265
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	910	830	905	815	
		16	660	615	655	625	530
	Parallel-Mono	2	920		915	805	
		4	655		650	630	
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	425	390	425	395	325
		8	310	290	305	305	275
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	855	775	850	790	640
		16	620	575	615	615	545
	Parallel-Mono	2	850		845	785	
		4	620		615	610	

Fig. 4.2 Power Base-2 Minimum Power Matrix

Power Base-3 – Minimum Guaranteed Power (Watts)							
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Maximum Average			FTC Continuous Average	
			0.1% THD+N (See note 1)	0.1% THD+N (See note 2)	0.05% THD+N (See note 3)	0.1% THD + Noise (See note 4)	
			1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	20Hz-20kHz
120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	760	715	755		
		8	540	525	540	530	495
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	1525	1430	1500		
		16	1090	1045	1075	1055	985
	Parallel-Mono	2	1530		1520		
		4	1080		1080	1065	
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	680	630	660	555	485
		8	510	495	505	510	470
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	1335	1240	1305	1115	1085
		16	1025	980	1000	1025	930
	Parallel-Mono	2	1365		1340	1115	
		4	1015		1010	1030	

Fig. 4.3 Power Base-3 Minimum Power Matrix

Maximum Power Specifications

Crown’s maximum power specifications represent the largest amount of output power you can expect from your amplifier when it is driven to full output under the given conditions. These specifications can be used to prevent loudspeaker and hearing damage.

The maximum power matrices include specifications for single cycle and 40 millisecond burst sine waves. Burst signals act like large transient peaks that are present in common source signals. Loudspeakers can respond to a single cycle burst, so the single cycle burst specifications should be used to help you protect your loudspeakers. In contrast, a 40 millisecond burst represents the typical response time of the human ear. Your ear will not respond to the entire dynamic change of a burst that lasts less than 40 milliseconds.

The specifications are provided at 0.05% THD because this represents a low distortion condition. To help you operate your amplifier within these tolerances, Crown’s premium amplifiers include an input/output comparator that shows when the amplifier has exceeded 0.05% THD. Operating the amplifier at levels higher than 0.05% THD can result in output power levels that are higher than those listed in the maximum power matrices.

Maximum Power Notes:

All maximum power specifications are based on 0.1% regulated AC mains and an ambient room temperature of 70° F (21° C). A 100V, 50Hz model was used because of its higher current demand. Although it is an unusual condition, your amplifier can function well with AC mains voltages up to 10% over the specified line voltage. With overvoltage conditions, your amplifier may be capable of delivering instantaneous power levels up to 20% greater than the specifications in the matrix.

1. A single cycle sine wave is presented to the amplifier and monitored for nonlinear distortion. The average power during the burst is reported. Loudspeakers must be able to withstand this level if they are to be safely used with this amplifier.
2. A 40 millisecond sine wave burst (10 percent duty cycle) is presented to the amplifier and monitored for nonlinear distortion. The average power during the burst is reported. This power level is a measurement of the amplifier’s maximum transient power that can be perceived by the human ear.

Power Base-1 – Maximum Power (Watts)								
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Single Cycle Tone Burst At less than 0.05% THD (See note 1)			40 Millisecond Tone Burst 0.05% THD + Noise (See note 2)		
			50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz	50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz
120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	325	335	335	315	295	310
		8	265	310	300	230	220	230
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	630	640	620	600	565	580
		16	540	630	610	470	440	455
	Parallel-Mono	2	635	645	640	620	580	605
		4	530	615	600	465	430	450
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	325	330	330	320	315	330
		8	290	345	335	260	235	250
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	640	650	670	635	625	655
		16	580	690	670	520	470	495
	Parallel-Mono	2	620	625	625	615	615	625
		4	580	690	670	515	475	490

Fig. 4.4 Power Base-1 Maximum Power Matrix

Power Base-2 – Maximum Power (Watts)								
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Single Cycle Tone Burst At less than 0.05% THD (See note 1)			40 Millisecond Tone Burst 0.05% THD + Noise (See note 2)		
			50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz	50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz
			120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	655	805	790
8	460	525			515	400	375	395
Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	1410		1850	1805	1190	1090	1125
	16	915		1060	1020	795	755	780
Parallel-Mono	2	1440		1685	1645	1185	1085	1120
	4	915		1055	1020	805	750	775
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	720	900	885	605	545	565
		8	465	530	510	410	380	395
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	1440	1770	1785	1200	1075	1120
		16	920	1055	1020	820	750	785
	Parallel-Mono	2	1390	1670	1655	1185	1065	1110
		4	915	1055	1015	820	750	775

Fig. 4.5 Power Base-2 Maximum Power Matrix

Power Base-3 – Maximum Power (Watts)								
AC Mains	Stereo-Mono Mode	Load (Ohms)	Single Cycle Tone Burst At less than 0.05% THD (See note 1)			40 Millisecond Tone Burst 0.05% THD + Noise (See note 2)		
			50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz	50 Hz	1 kHz	7 kHz
			120 VAC, 60 Hz Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	1090	1575	1525
8	715	870			838	610	570	595
Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	2155		3140	3040	1780	1615	1690
	16	1415		1740	1675	1250	1135	1180
Parallel-Mono	2	2140		3135	3015	1790	1605	1680
	4	1420		1735	1665	1225	1135	1170
International Units	Stereo (both channels driven)	4	1190	1750	1695	970	870	920
		8	785	960	920	675	625	645
	Bridge-Mono (balanced output)	8	2355	3490	3380	1945	1725	1805
		16	1540	1915	1840	1360	1235	1285
	Parallel-Mono	2	2330	3485	3345	1940	1720	1800
		4	1570	1895	1825	1360	1235	1270

Fig. 4.6 Power Base-3 Maximum Power Matrix

5 Accessories

There are two accessories available at the time of this printing: the *MT-XLR* and the *MT-BB*. **Important: The *MT-XLR* and *MT-BB* must be installed at a Crown Factory Service Center or the Crown factory.**

5.1 MT-XLR

The *MT-XLR* is an accessory panel that provides two standard 3-pin female XLR input connectors. The *MT-XLR* accessory makes it easy to quickly change connections in a system that uses standard XLR connectors. It can also be used in systems that need to daisy chain an input signal from one amplifier to an-

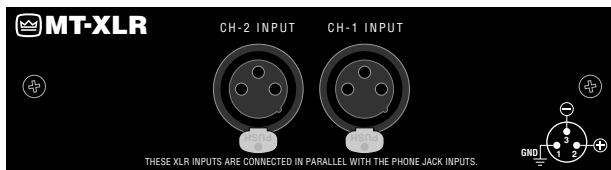


Fig. 5.1 The *MT-XLR*

other. Because the *MT-XLR* connectors are wired in parallel with the amplifier's built in phone jack connectors, an input signal fed to either input can be fed to another amplifier from the unused connector for that channel.

5.2 MT-BB

The *MT-BB* is an accessory panel that provides barrier strip input connectors. An *MT-BB* accessory might be desirable in applications requiring bare wire connections. It can also be used to daisy chain an input signal from one amplifier to another just like the *MT-XLR*.

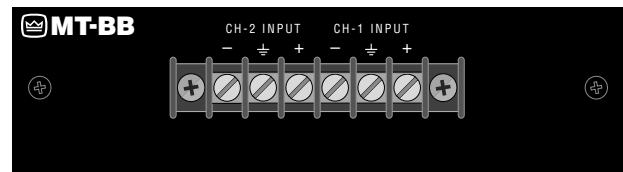


Fig. 5.2 The *MT-BB*

6 Service

This unit has very sophisticated circuitry which should only be serviced by a fully trained technician. This is one reason why each unit bears the following label:



CAUTION: To prevent electric shock, do not remove covers. No user serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to a qualified technician.

6.1 Worldwide Service

Service may be obtained from an authorized service center. (Contact your local Crown/Amcron representative or our office for a list of authorized service centers.) To obtain service, simply present the bill of sale as proof of purchase along with the defective unit to an authorized service center. They will handle the necessary paperwork and repair.

Remember to transport your unit in the original factory pack. We will pay the surface shipping costs both ways **for warranty service** to the authorized service center nearest you after receiving copies of all shipping receipts. You must bear the expense of all taxes, duties, and customs fees when transporting the unit.

6.2 North American Service

Service may be obtained in one of two ways: from an authorized service center or from the factory. You may choose either. It is important that you have your copy of the bill of sale as your proof of purchase.

6.2.1 Service at a North American Service Center

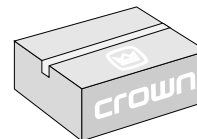
This method usually saves the most time and effort. Simply present your bill of sale along with the defective unit to an authorized service center to obtain service. They will handle the necessary paperwork and repair. Remember to transport the unit in the original factory pack. A list of authorized service centers in your area can be obtained from our Technical Support Group.

6.2.2 Factory Service

To obtain factory service, fill out the **service information page** that follows and send it along with your proof of purchase and the defective unit to the Crown factory. For warranty service, we will pay for ground shipping both ways in the United States after receiving copies of the shipping receipts. Shipments should be sent "UPS ground." (If the unit is under warranty, you may send it C.O.D. for the cost of freight via UPS ground.) The fac-

tory will return it via UPS ground. Please contact us if other arrangements are required.

Factory Service Shipping Instructions:



Always use the original factory pack to transport the unit.

1. When sending a Crown product to the factory for service, be sure to fill out the service information form that follows and enclose it inside your unit's shipping pack. Do not send the service information form separately.
2. To ensure the safe transportation of your unit to the factory, ship it in an original factory packing container. If you don't have one, call or write Crown's Parts Department. With the exception of polyurethane or wooden crates, any other packing material will not be sufficient to withstand the stress of shipping. **Do not use loose, small size packing materials.**
3. Do not ship the unit in any kind of cabinet (wood or metal). Ignoring this warning may result in extensive damage to the unit and the cabinet. Accessories are not needed—do not send the instruction manual, cables and other hardware.

If you have any questions, please call or write the Crown Technical Support Group.

Crown Audio Division

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