



SGI® InfiniteData™ Cluster for Hadoop®  
Getting Started Guide

007-6313-001

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## About This Guide

This guide provides an overview of the SGI® Hadoop® Reference Implementation based on the SGI® InfiniteData™ Cluster platform along with getting-started instructions for this implementation. This guide consists of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1, “Overview,”** provides an overview of the SGI Hadoop solution.
- **Chapter 2, “Cluster Startup,”** describes licensing and Hadoop specifics for configuring cluster management and monitoring.

## Audience

This guide is written for the system administrators of the Hadoop cluster and developers. The guide assumes the reader is familiar with clusters, the Hadoop technology, and business intelligence applications.

## Related Publications

The following SGI documents are relevant to your Hadoop solution:

- *SGI InfiniteData Cluster Hardware User Guide* (007-6308-xxx)
- *SGI Rackable C1110-RP6 System User Guide* (007-5843-xxx)
- *SGI Management Center Quick Start Guide* (007-5672-xxx)
- *SGI Management Center (SMC) Installation and Configuration* (007-5643-xxx)
- *SGI Management Center (SMC) System Administrator's Guide* (007-5642-xxx)
- *SGI InfiniteStorage Server 3000 (ISS3000) User's Guide* (007-5721-xxx)

You can obtain SGI documentation in the following ways:

- Refer to the SGI Technical Publications Library (TPL) at <http://docs.sgi.com>. Various formats are available. The TPL contains the most recent and most comprehensive set of books and man pages.

To get the latest revision of a document on the TPL, use the core publication number as your search string. For example, use 007-1234 as your search string to get the latest version of the document with part number 007-1234-xxx.

- Refer to the SGI Supportfolio™ webpage for release notes and other documents whose access require a support contract. See “[Product Support](#)” on page ix.

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**Note:** For information about third-party system components, see the documentation provided by the manufacturer/supplier.

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## Product Support

SGI provides a comprehensive product support and maintenance program for its products. SGI also offers services to implement and integrate Linux applications in your environment.

- Refer to <http://www.sgi.com/support/>
- If you are in North America, contact the Technical Assistance Center at +1 800 800 4SGI or contact your authorized service provider.
- If you are outside North America, contact the SGI subsidiary or authorized distributor in your country.

Be sure to have the following information before you call Technical Support:

- Product serial number
- Product model name and number
- Applicable error messages
- Add-on boards or hardware
- Third-party hardware or software
- Operating system type and revision level

## Reader Comments

If you have comments about the technical accuracy, content, or organization of this document, contact SGI. Be sure to include the title and document number of the manual with your comments. (Online, the document number is located in the front matter of the manual. In printed manuals, the document number is located at the bottom of each page.)

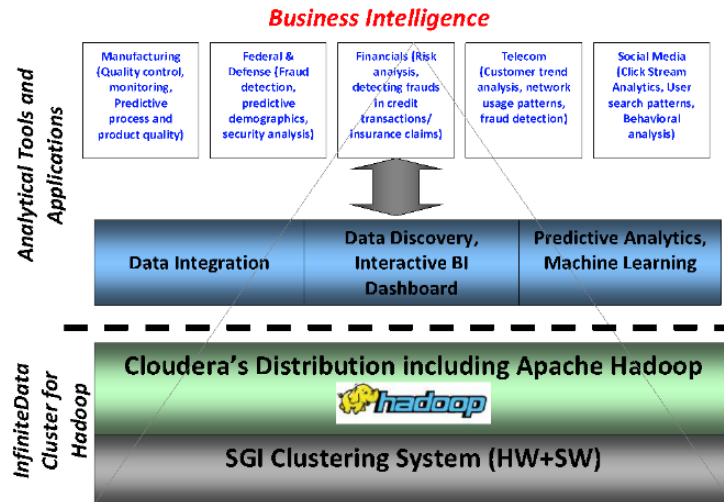
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- Send e-mail to the following address: [techpubs@sgi.com](mailto:techpubs@sgi.com)
- Contact your customer service representative and ask that an incident be filed in the SGI incident tracking system.

<http://www.sgi.com/support/supportcenters.html>

SGI values your comments and will respond to them promptly.

# Overview



**Figure 1-1** SGI Hadoop Business Intelligence Ecosystem

The SGI Hadoop Reference Implementations provide pre-defined and pre-certified Hadoop solutions with these features:

- Pre-defined and pre-certified configurations
- High performance
- High availability
- Power optimization
- Capability of running business intelligence (BI) applications directly atop Hadoop (See Figure 1-1.)

This SGI Hadoop Reference Implementation is 10GigE-based and uses the Intel® Xeon® E5-2600 v2 Processor Series. This chapter describes this implementation using the following topics:

- “The 10GigE Implementation” on page 2
- “Software” on page 16

## The 10GigE Implementation

This section describes the 10GigE implementation using the following topics:

- “Hardware” on page 2
- “Configurations” on page 5
- “Network Topology” on page 9

## Hardware

This section describes the hardware used in the 10GigE-based implementation: first, the servers and then the network hardware.

### Servers

The 10GigE-based SGI Hadoop cluster employs SGI Rackable™ C1110 and SGI InfiniteData Cluster 3212 (IDC3212) servers; a C1110 server and an IDC3212 server are shown in [Figure 1-2](#) and [Figure 1-3](#), respectively. This section describes the SGI servers that are used in the 10GigE-based SGI Hadoop cluster, their function in the Hadoop paradigm, and their specifications.



**Figure 1-2** An SGI Rackable C1110 Server



**Figure 1-3** An SGI IDC3212 Server

Table 1-1 describes the SGI Hadoop Reference Implementations with SGI 10GigE-based servers with the Intel Xeon Processor E5-2600 v2 Series.

**Table 1-1** SGI Hadoop 10GigE-Based Half-Depth Servers–Intel Xeon Processor E5-2600 v2 Series

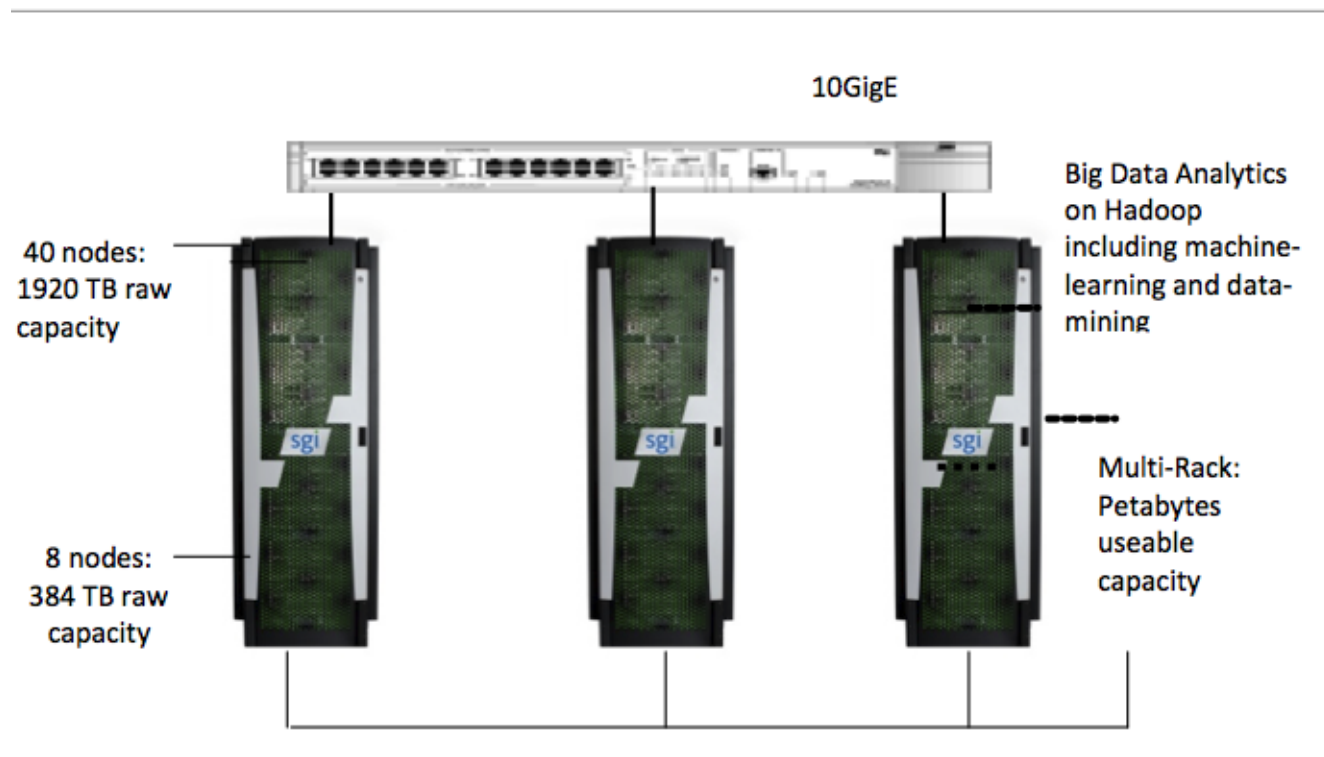
SGI Server	Conventional Node Type	Hadoop Node Type	Specifications
C1110-RP6	Master nodes	NameNode, Standby NameNode, JobTracker	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 2x Intel Xeon Processor E5-2630 v2 (2.6 GHz , 6-core)</li> <li>– 8x 8GB 1.5v 1866MHz DIMMs (64GB memory)</li> <li>– 4x 3.5” 4TB 7200 rpm SATA 6Gb/s drives in RAID 10 configuration</li> <li>– 1x Dual-port 10GigE NIC</li> <li>– Redundant power supply</li> </ul>
IDC3212-RP4	Compute/Slave nodes	DataNodes, TaskTrackers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 2x Intel Xeon Processor E5-2630 v2 (2.6 GHz, 6-core)</li> <li>– 8x 8GB 1.5v 1866MHz DIMMs (64GB memory)</li> <li>– 12x 3.5” 4TB 7200 rpm SATA drives</li> <li>– 1x Dual-port 10GigE NIC</li> </ul>
C1110-RP6		Application Node	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 2x Intel Xeon Processor E5-2680 v2 (2.8 GHz, 10-core)</li> <li>– 16x 8GB 1.5v 1866MHz DIMMs (128GB memory)</li> <li>– 4x 3.5” 4TB 7200 rpm SAS 6Gb/s drives in RAID 10 configuration</li> <li>– 1x Dual-port 10GigE NIC</li> <li>– Redundant power supply</li> </ul>

## Network Hardware

The network hardware consists of the following components:

- 1 Edge-corE ECS4610-50T 48-port GigE switch per rack
- 2 Extreme Networks Summit X670v 10-GigE switches per rack
- Mellanox SX1012 or Mellanox SX1036 40 GigE spine switches (quantity dependent on number of racks)

## Configurations





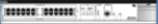






















**Figure 1-4** Data Capacity for Various Rack Configurations

The SGI Hadoop Cluster is available in single-rack and multi-rack configurations. [Figure 1-4](#) shows the range of data capacity for the configurations. This section describes the full-rack and multi-rack configurations.

## Full-Rack (46U)

InfiniteData Cluster Server Layout

sgl		RackU	
Description	Image		Description
	2U Blank	45	
		44	
48port GigE SGIMC Management Switch		43	
Standby NameNode/SGIMC Head Node		42	
NameNode		41	
Application Node		40	
Jobtracker		39	
48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		38	
48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		37	
		36	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n35)		35	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n36)
		34	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n33)		33	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n34)
		32	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n31)		31	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n32)
		30	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n29)		29	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n30)
		28	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n27)		27	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n28)
		26	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n25)		25	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n26)
		24	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n23)		23	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n24)
		22	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n21)		21	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n22)
		20	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n19)		19	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n20)
		18	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n17)		17	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n18)
		16	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n15)		15	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n16)
		14	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n13)		13	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n14)
		12	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n11)		11	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n12)
		10	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n09)		9	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n10)
		8	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n07)		7	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n08)
		6	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n05)		5	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n06)
		4	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n03)		3	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n04)
		2	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n01)		1	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n02)

**Figure 1-5** Full-Rack Configuration

Figure 1-5 describes a full-rack configuration. The rack consists of the following:

- 1 SGI Management Center node/Standby NameNode
- 1 NameNode
- 1 JobTracker
- 1 Application node
- 36 DataNodes/TaskTracker nodes
- 2 48-port 10GigE stacked Hadoop data network switches
- 1 SGI Management Center network switch



## Multi-Rack (First and Subsequent Racks)

InfiniteData Cluster Server Layout First Rack



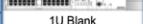



















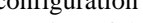
sgi		Description	Image	U	Description
			1U Blank	45	
		48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch (SPINE)		44	48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch (SPINE)
		48port GigE SGIMC Management Switch		43	
		Standby NameNode/SGIMC Head Node		42	
		NameNode		41	
		Application Node		40	
		Jobtracker		39	
		48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		38	
		48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		37	
				36	
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n35)		35	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n36)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n33)		34	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n34)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n31)		33	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n32)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n29)		32	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n30)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n27)		31	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n28)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n25)		30	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n26)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n23)		29	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n24)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n21)		28	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n22)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n19)		27	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n20)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n17)		26	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n18)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n15)		25	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n16)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n13)		24	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n14)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n11)		23	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n12)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n09)		22	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n10)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n07)		21	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n08)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n05)		20	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n06)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n03)		19	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n04)
		Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n01)		18	Data/TaskTracker Node (r01n02)
				17	
				16	
				15	
				14	
				13	
				12	
				11	
				10	
				9	
				8	
				7	
				6	
				5	
				4	
				3	
				2	
				1	

**Figure 1-6** Multi-Rack—First Rack

Figure 1-6 shows the first rack of a multi-rack configuration. The rack consists of the following:

- 1 SGI Management Center node/Standby NameNode
- 1 NameNode
- 1 JobTracker
- 1 Application node
- 36 DataNodes/TaskTracker nodes
- 2 48-port 10GigE stacked Hadoop data network switches
- 2 40GigE network spine switches
- 1 SGI Management Center network switch

InfiniteData Cluster Server Layout Second Rack

sgl		RackU	
Description	Image		Description
Optional Additional Spine Switches	1U Blank	45	Optional Additional Spine Switches
48port GigE SGIMC Management Switch		44	
48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		43	
48port 10GigE Hadoop Data Switch		42	
	1U Blank	41	
		40	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n39)		39	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n40)
		38	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n37)		37	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n38)
		36	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n35)		35	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n36)
		34	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n33)		33	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n34)
		32	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n31)		31	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n32)
		30	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n29)		29	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n30)
		28	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n27)		27	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n28)
		26	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n25)		25	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n26)
		24	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n23)		23	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n24)
		22	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n21)		21	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n22)
		20	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n19)		19	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n20)
		18	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n17)		17	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n18)
		16	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n15)		15	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n16)
		14	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n13)		13	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n14)
		12	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n11)		11	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n12)
		10	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n09)		9	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n10)
		8	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n07)		7	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n08)
		6	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n05)		5	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n06)
		4	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n03)		3	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n04)
		2	
Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n01)		1	Data/TaskTracker Node (r02n02)

**Figure 1-7** Multi-Rack—Second Rack and Beyond

Figure 1-7 describes the configuration of the second rack (and subsequent racks) of a multi-rack configuration. Each rack consists of the following:

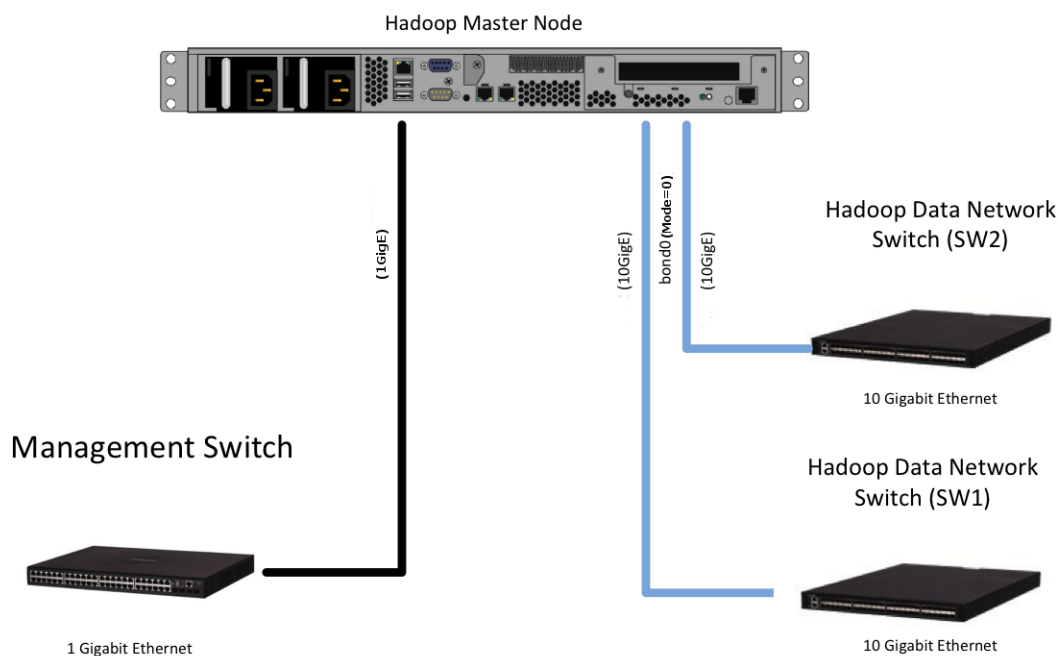
- 40 DataNodes/TaskTracker nodes
- 2 48-port 10GigE stacked Hadoop data network switches
- 1 SGI Management Center network switch

## Network Topology

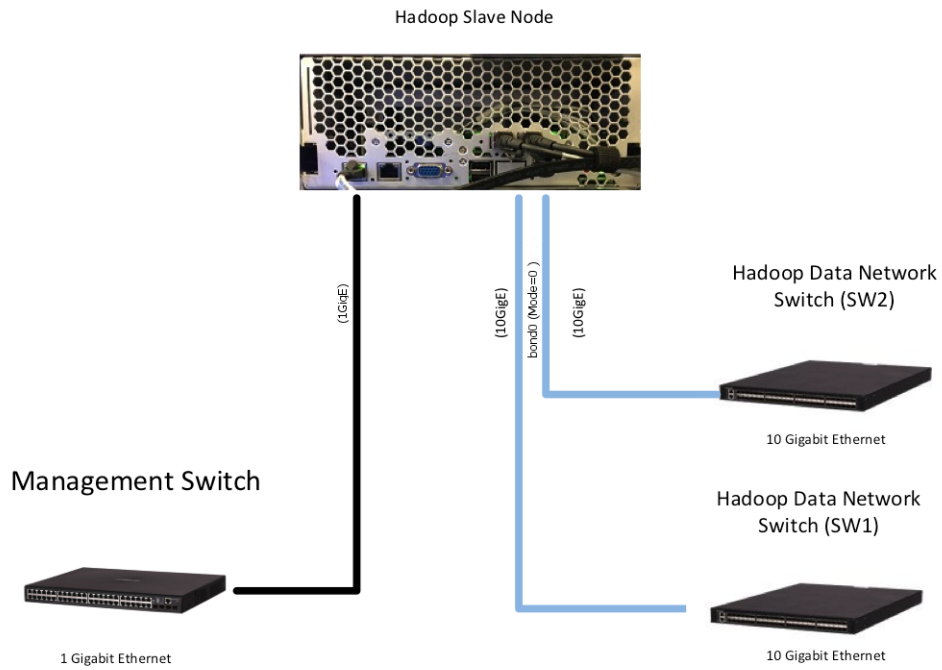
This section illustrates the network topology from the most granular level (node level) to the top level (multi-rack level) and the topology of the management network:

- “Node Level” on page 9
- “Rack Level for Single-Rack Configuration” on page 11
- “Multi-Rack Data Network” on page 12
- “Management Network” on page 14

### Node Level

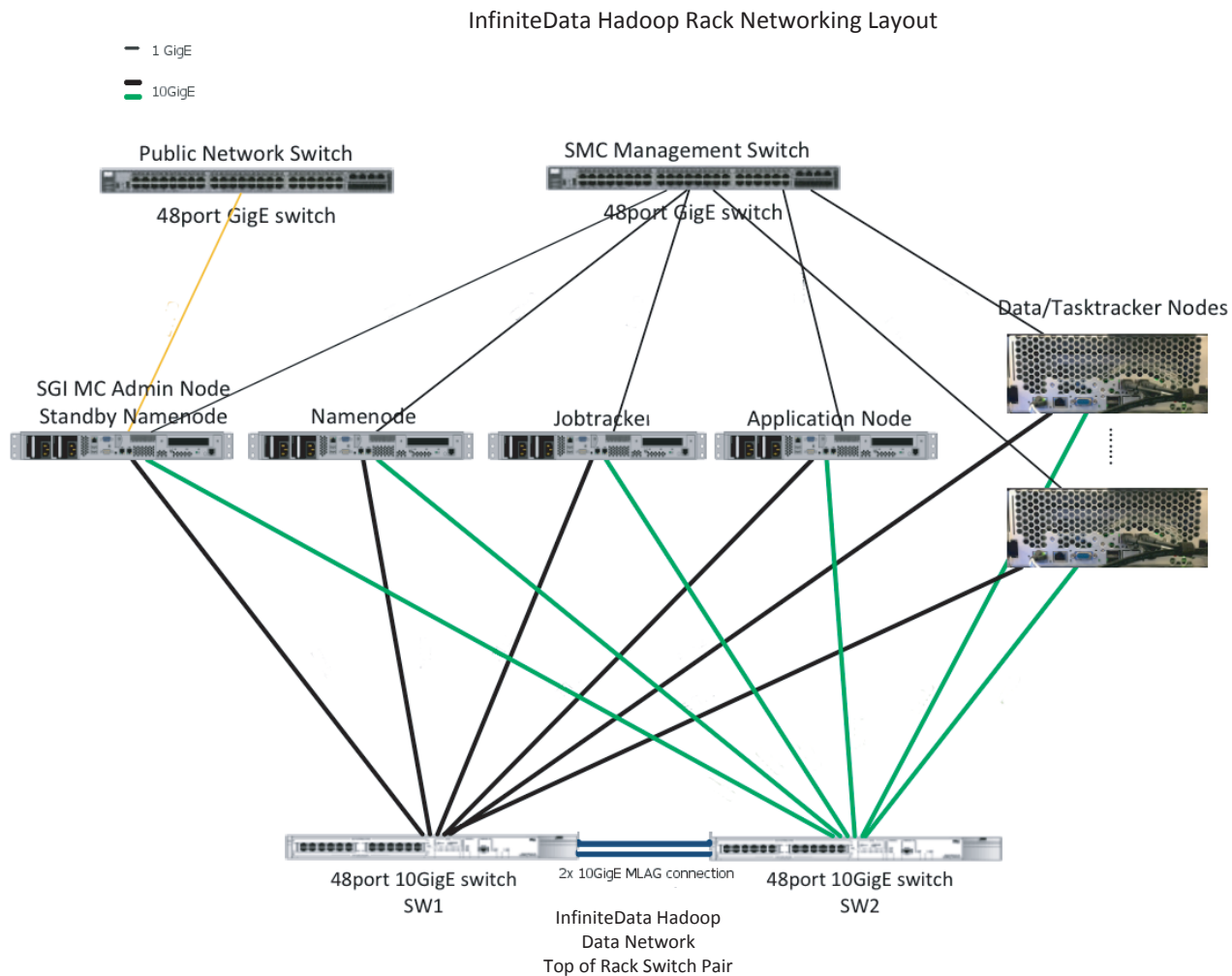


**Figure 1-8** Network Topology—Master Node



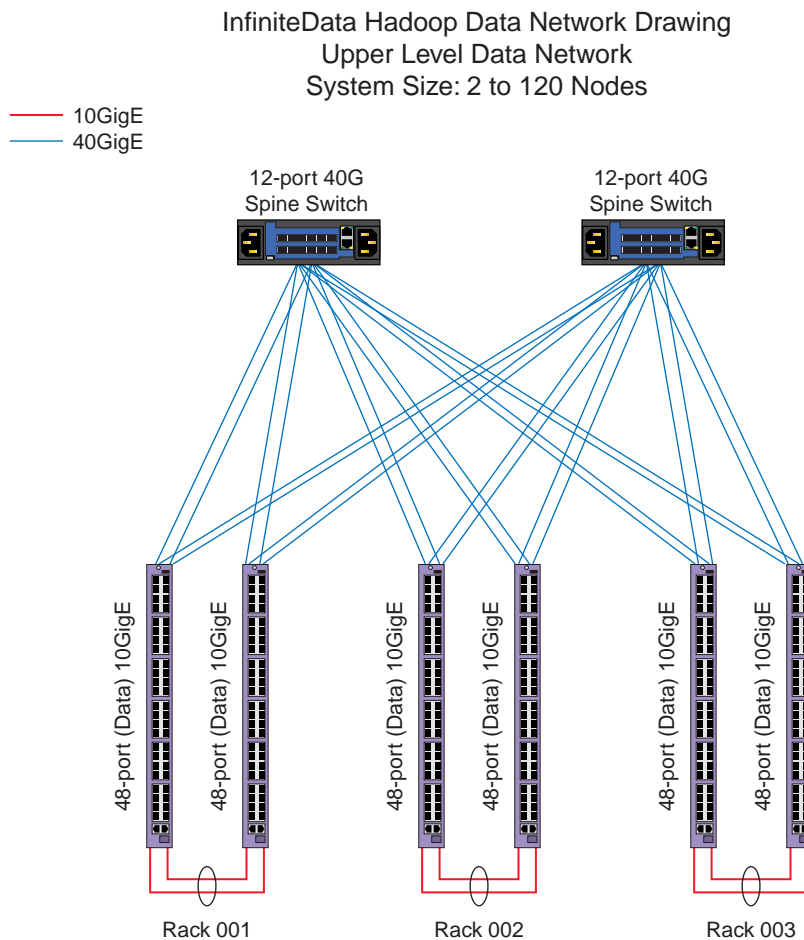
**Figure 1-9** Network Topology—Slave Node

### Rack Level for Single-Rack Configuration

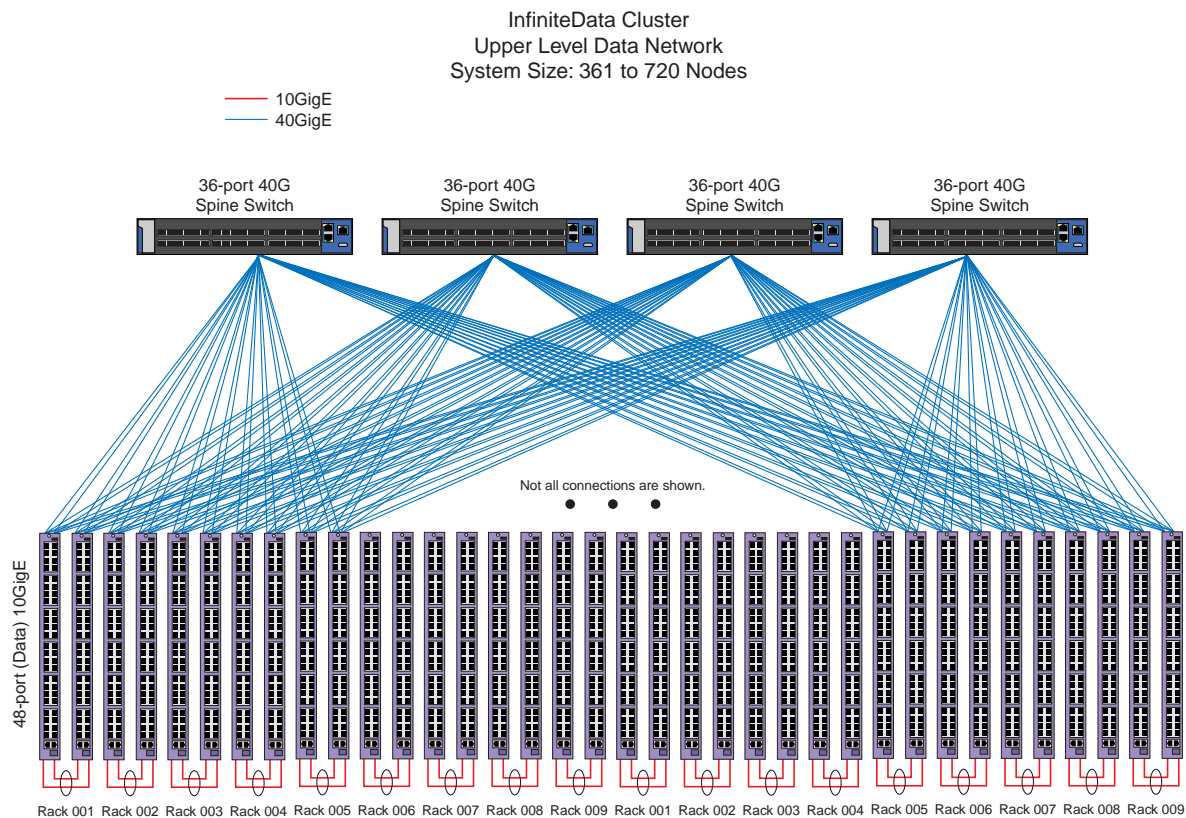


**Figure 1-10** Network Topology—Rack Level for Single Rack

### Multi-Rack Data Network

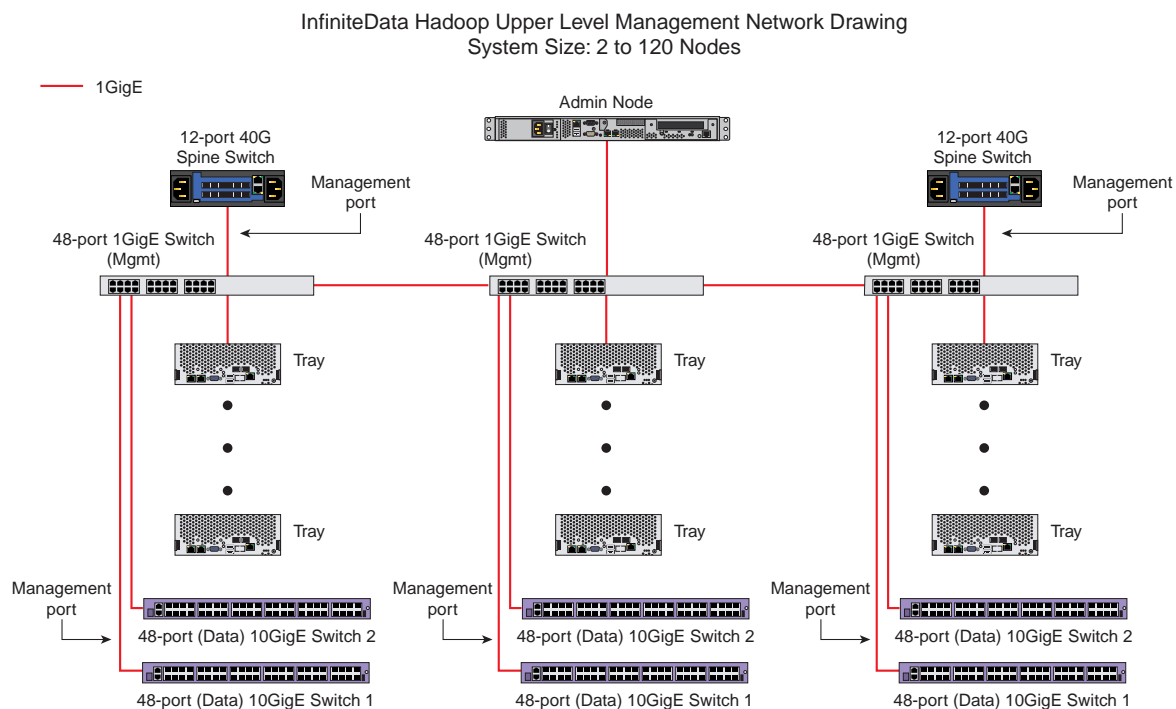


**Figure 1-11** Network Topology—Multi-Rack Data Network (2 to 120 Nodes)



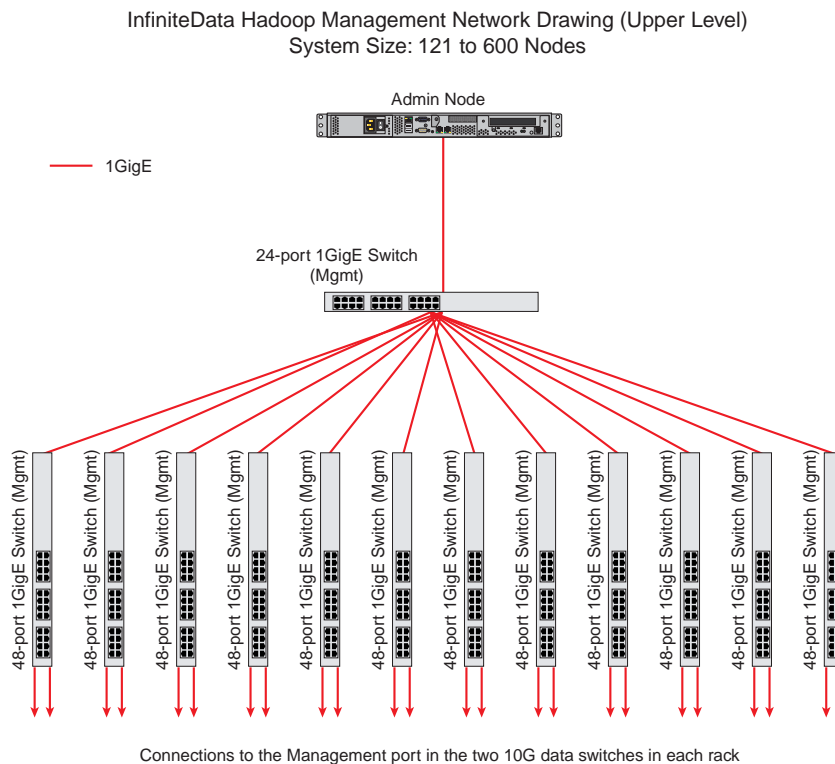
**Figure 1-12** Network Topology—Multi-Rack Data Network (361 to 720 Nodes)

## Management Network



**Figure 1-13** Network Topology—Management Network (2 to 120 Nodes)





**Figure 1-14** Network Topology—Management Network (121 to 600 Nodes)

## Software

The software stack for the SGI Hadoop solution consists of the following components:

- Red Hat® Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 6.x
- Cloudera™ distribution Apache Hadoop 4.x
- Cloudera Manager 4.x
- SGI Management Center 1.7

Figure 1-15 shows the SGI Hadoop software stack.

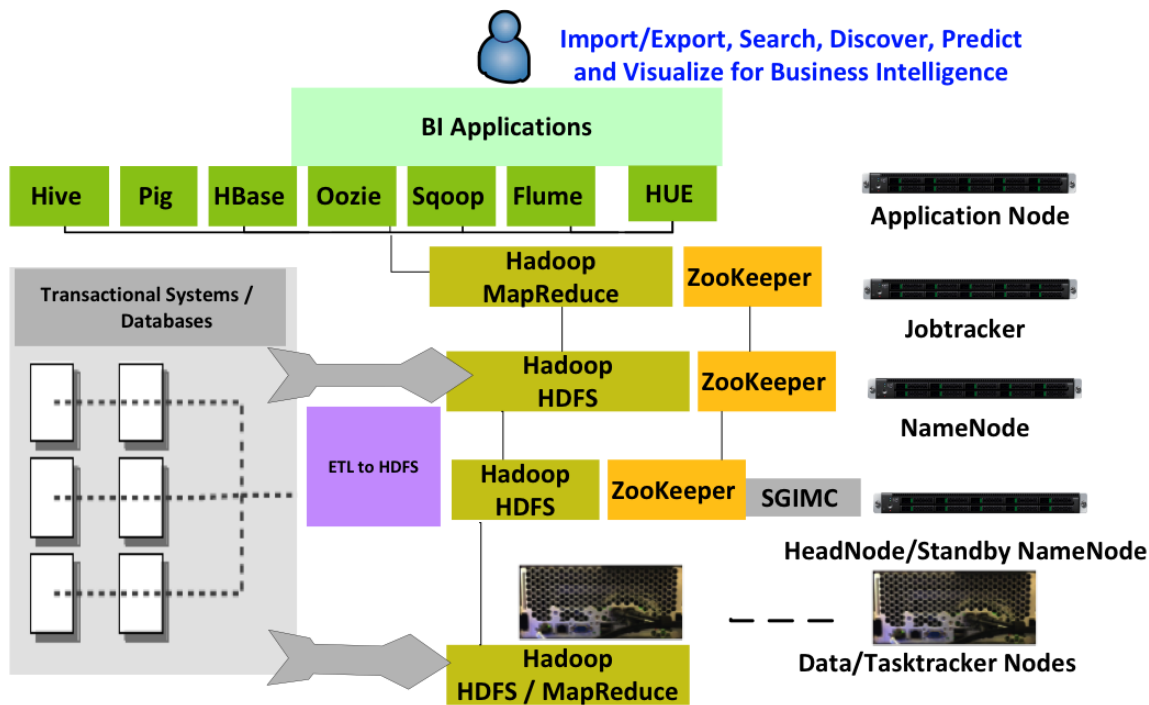


Figure 1-15 SGI Hadoop Software Stack

## Cluster Startup

This chapter describes the broad steps for starting the SGI Hadoop cluster:

- “Accepting End-User License Agreements (EULAs)” on page 17
- “Configuring and Starting SGI Management Center” on page 18
- “Starting the Cluster for the First Time” on page 18
- “Accessing Cloudera Manager” on page 19
- “Starting Hadoop Cluster Services” on page 20
- “Querying Hosts in the Cluster” on page 22
- “Enabling Cloudera Manager Enterprise Features” on page 23
- “Re-Imaging the Server Nodes” on page 24

### Accepting End-User License Agreements (EULAs)

The SGI Hadoop solution contains third-party software whose end-user license agreements you must read and accept. One such product is the Java® Distribution Kit (JDK). The JDK copyright and third-party license agreement can be found on any of the cluster nodes in directory `/usr/share/doc/java-1.6.0-sun-devel-1.6.0.25`. Read and accept the conditions in the license agreement.

If you get trial versions of business intelligence applications, they also will require you to accept their EULAs.

## Configuring and Starting SGI Management Center

You will use the SGI Management Center to perform the conventional platform management functions (power control, environmental monitoring, provisioning, etc.) for the Hadoop cluster. To configure and start the SGI Management Center, you will need to follow the instructions in the *SGI Management Center Quick Start Guide* and configure the Hadoop servers as specified in [Table 2-1](#).

**Table 2-1** Hostnames for SGI Hadoop Servers

Daemon	Hostname	Hadoop Data Network Hostname
NameNode	sgi-nn	sgi-nn-data
Standby NameNode	sgi-snn	sgi-snn-data
JobTracker	sgi-jt	sgi-jt-data
Application Node	sgi-app	sgi-app-data
DataNodes & TaskTrackers	r[rack#]n[node#]	r[rack#]n[node#]-data

## Starting the Cluster for the First Time

Use the following steps to start the SGI Hadoop cluster the first time.

1. Power on the head node of the cluster.
2. Use SGI Management Center to start the nodes in the cluster.
  - a. Log in as `root`.
  - b. Start the SGI Management Center with the following command:
 

```
# mgrclient
```
  - c. Within the Management GUI, select the nodes to start, right-click, and select **Power > On**.
  - d. Start the nodes in the following order:
    - i. `sgi-app`
    - ii. `sgi-nn`
    - iii. `sgi-jt`
    - iv. Compute/Slave nodes in the Compute group

## Accessing Cloudera Manager

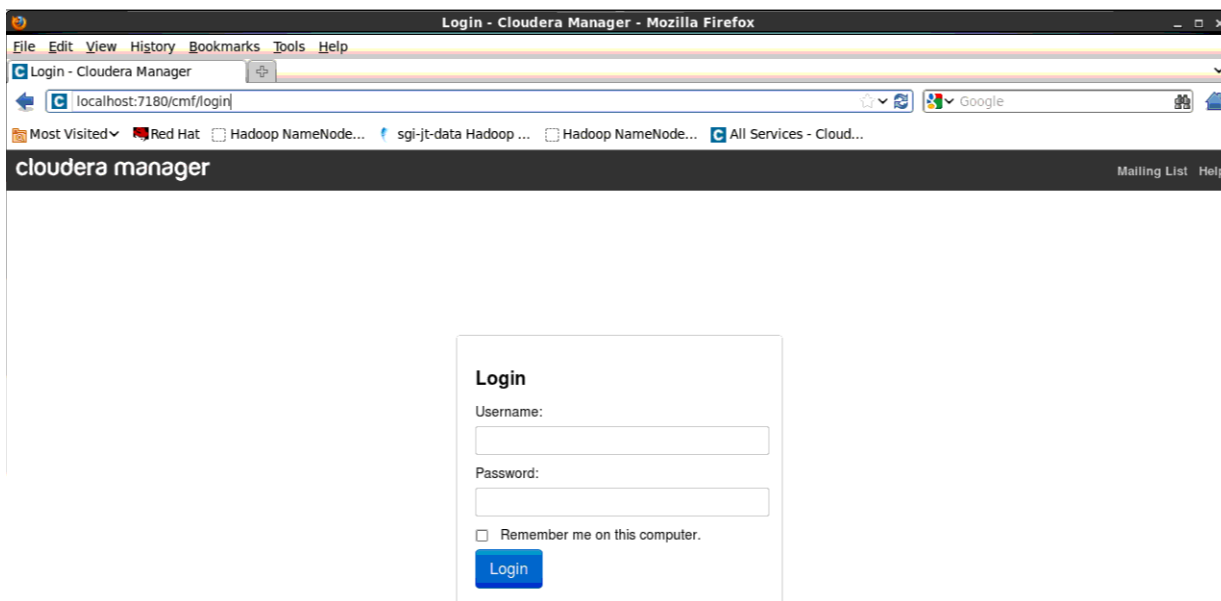
You will use Cloudera Manager for the application management functions of the Hadoop cluster. To access Cloudera Manager, do the following:

1. Open the web browser on the cluster head node.
2. Enter the URL `http://localhost:7180` to access the Cloudera Manager or use the Firefox® bookmark for the Cloudera Manager.

The login screen, shown in [Figure 2-1](#), should appear.

3. Enter your Cloudera Manager login username and password.

The default is `admin/admin`.



**Figure 2-1** Cloudera Manager Login Screen

## Starting Hadoop Cluster Services

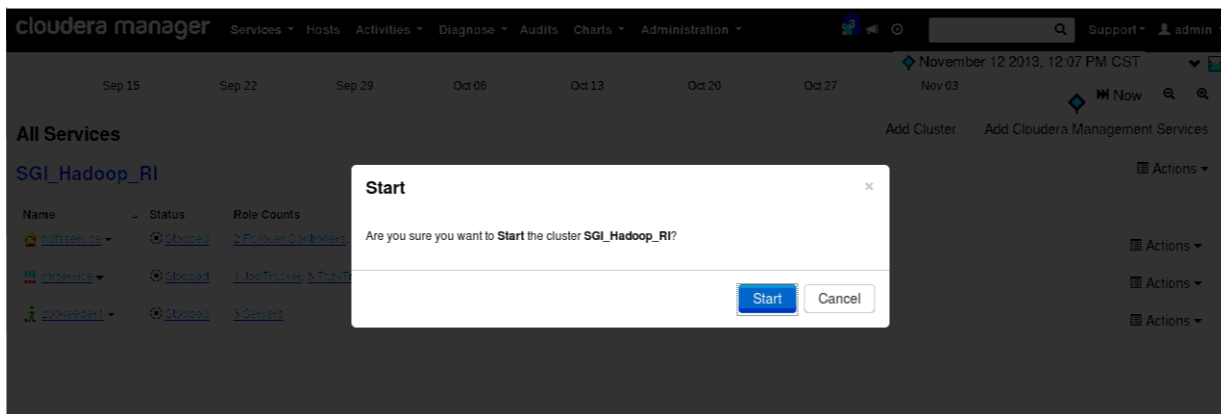
After a successful login, the **All Services** screen, as shown in [Figure 2-2](#), should appear. Start the Hadoop cluster services by clicking **Start** in the **Actions** list on the right side of the screen.

The screenshot displays the Cloudera Manager interface. At the top, the navigation bar includes 'cloudera manager', 'Services', 'Hosts', 'Activities', 'Diagnose', 'Audits', 'Charts', and 'Administration'. A search bar and user profile are also visible. Below the navigation, a timeline shows dates from Sep 15 to Nov 03. The main section is titled 'All Services' and contains a table for the cluster 'SGI\_Hadoop\_RI'. The table has columns for Name, Status, and Role Counts. Three services are listed: hdfs-service, mr-service, and zookeeper1, all with a 'Stopped' status. An 'Actions' dropdown menu is open on the right side of the table, listing various actions such as 'Add a Service...', 'Start...', 'Stop...', 'Restart...', 'Deploy Client Configuration...', 'Rolling Restart...', 'Client Configuration URLs...', 'Rename Cluster...', 'Delete...', 'Enter Maintenance Mode...', and 'View Maintenance Mode Status...'.

Name	Status	Role Counts
hdfs-service	Stopped	2 Failover Controllers, 2 NameNodes, 8 DataNodes, 3 JournalNodes
mr-service	Stopped	1 JobTracker, 8 TaskTrackers, 2 Gateways
zookeeper1	Stopped	3 Servers

**Figure 2-2** All Services Screen

After you initialize the startup of cluster services, Cluster Manager prompts you to start the Hadoop cluster, as shown in [Figure 2-3](#). Select **Start**.



**Figure 2-3** Starting the Hadoop Cluster

After you select **Start**, Cloudera Manager will display the **Command Details** screen to show the status of the action, as shown in [Figure 2-4](#).

 A screenshot of the 'Command Details: Start' screen in Cloudera Manager. The page title is 'Command Details: Start' and it shows 'Last Refreshed: Nov 12, 2013 12:10:17 PM CST'. The main content is a table with columns: Command, Context, Started at, Progress, and Completed at. The first row shows 'Start' for context 'SGI\_Hadoop\_RI', started at 'Nov 12, 2013 12:09:09 PM CST', with a green checkmark and 'Finished' in the progress column, and completed at 'Nov 12, 2013 12:10:17 PM CST'. Below the table, there is a message box: 'All services successfully started'. Under the 'Child Commands' section, there are three sub-command entries:
 

- 'Start (9 Subcommand(s))' for context 'mrsservice', started at 'Nov 12, 2013 12:09:54 PM CST', with a green checkmark and 'Finished, Nov 12, 2013 12:10:17 PM CST'. Below it is a message: 'Service started successfully.'
- 'Start (1 Subcommand(s))' for context 'hdfs-service', started at 'Nov 12, 2013 12:09:31 PM CST', with a green checkmark and 'Finished, Nov 12, 2013 12:09:54 PM CST'. Below it is a message: 'Successfully started HDFS service'
- 'Start (3 Subcommand(s))' for context 'zookeepers', started at 'Nov 12, 2013 12:09:09 PM CST', with a green checkmark and 'Finished, Nov 12, 2013 12:09:31 PM CST'. Below it is a message: 'Completed 3/3 steps successfully'

 At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'All Recent Commands' (blue) and 'Close'.

**Figure 2-4** Successful Startup Details

## Querying Hosts in the Cluster

To view all hosts running in the Hadoop cluster, click **Hosts** on the top bar of the window. Figure 2-5 shows the **All Hosts** screen.

The screenshot displays the Cloudera Manager interface for the 'All Hosts' screen. The top navigation bar includes 'Services', 'Hosts', 'Activities', 'Diagnose', 'Audits', 'Charts', and 'Administration'. A search bar and user profile are also visible. The main content area shows a summary of 12 hosts, all in 'Good Health' status. Below this, there are several action buttons: 'Actions for Selected', 'Add New Hosts to Cluster', 'Host Inspector', 'Re-run Host Upgrade Wizard', and 'View Columns'. A pagination bar indicates 'Showing 1 to 12 of 12 entries'. The main table lists the following data:

Name	IP	Rack	CDH Version	Cluster	Roles	Status	Last Heartbeat	Maintenance Mode	Decommissioned
<a href="#">r01n01-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.1	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.63s ago		
<a href="#">r01n02-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.2	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.69s ago		
<a href="#">r01n03-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.3	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.53s ago		
<a href="#">r01n04-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.4	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.64s ago		
<a href="#">r01n05-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.5	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.54s ago		
<a href="#">r01n06-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.6	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.71s ago		
<a href="#">r01n07-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.7	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.60s ago		
<a href="#">r01n08-data.default.domain</a>	172.16.1.8	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶2 Role(s)	Good Health	8.66s ago		
<a href="#">sqi-app-data</a>	172.16.100.4	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶1 Role(s)	Good Health	11.98s ago		
<a href="#">sqi-ht-data</a>	172.16.100.3	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶3 Role(s)	Good Health	8.56s ago		
<a href="#">sqi-nn-data</a>	172.16.100.2	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶4 Role(s)	Good Health	1.01s ago		
<a href="#">sqi-snn-data</a>	172.16.100.1	/r01	CDH4	SGL_Hadoop_RI	▶5 Role(s)	Good Health	1.05s ago		

Figure 2-5 All Hosts Screen

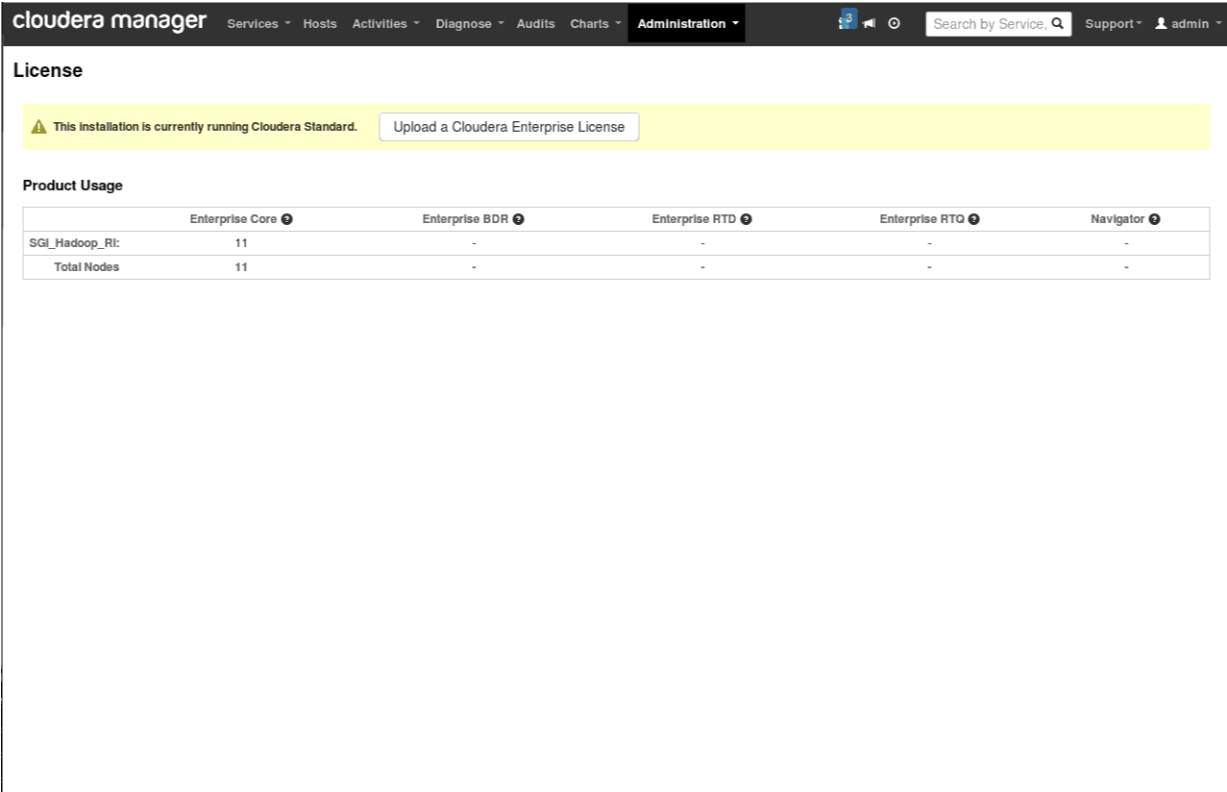


# Enabling Cloudera Manager Enterprise Features

If you have purchased the Cloudera Enterprise license, you can enter the key from the **License** screen:

**Administration** —> **License**

Figure 2-6 shows the **License** screen.



**Figure 2-6** License Screen

## Re-Imaging the Server Nodes

In SGI Management Center, there are compute images for each node type. [Table 2-2](#) shows the mapping. Re-provision the nodes with the compute images as needed.

**Table 2-2** Compute Images for SGI Hadoop Servers

Node Name	Image Name
sgi-nn	Compute-Hadoop-Namenode
sgi-jt	Compute-Hadoop-Jobtracker
sgi-app	Compute-Hadoop-App
r[ <i>rack#</i> ]n[ <i>node#</i> ]	Compute-Hadoop-Slave

To provision a node, do the following:

1. Select the appropriate node.
2. Right-click.
3. Select **Provision** > *compute-image-for-node*.